THE WEATHER
Fair Saturday and Sunday.

WILMINGTON
THE MORNING STAR

AD-MONITIONS
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DECISIVE RESULT APPEARS IMMINENT

Two Great Hammer Strokes in Battle of Northern France Have Fallen—Allies Have Struck German Right Wing, and Germans Have Hurled Themselves Against French Line to the East—Strongly Reinforced German Western Wing Reels.

LITTLE TOLD OF PROGRESS OF GREAT ATTACKS

Report That Germans Have Suffered Reverse on East Prussian Frontier Partly Confirmed—In Galacia, Russians Have Annexed a Few More Towns—Servians and Montenegrins Closing in on Bosnian Capital—French and British Navies Take Island.

At the Battle Front, Sept. 25, Via Paris—French and British troops, intermingled with Turcos and Moors, not only held their own, but caused the strongly reinforced German western wing to reel backwards near St. Quentin yesterday and today, and imperilled the German line of communication towards the frontier of Belgium.

The German center has been weakened by the rush of troops from that position to meet the threatening movement of the allies, and two strong forces were engaged at close quarters today between St. Quentin and Tegnier.

The military authorities naturally refuse to permit the disclosure of the exact position of the fighting, but it is generally known that the battle now progressing is of prime importance.

Meanwhile, at other parts of the battle line, which is about 120 miles long, fighting continued today in dogged fashion. The allied troops followed the example set by the Germans and dug themselves deeply in. The artillery of both armies kept up an incessant fire while French and German aviators reconnoitered from above.

The commanders of the allied forces have found reason for the wonderful precision of the German fire when they discovered a spy among the prisoners who was directing the German fire.

All the troops appear to have become thoroughly hardened and accustomed to conditions. The commissariat and the ammunition supply departments are working perfectly. While the soldiers are occupying the advanced firing lines, they are scarcely ever without one hot meal a day, which is brought to them in camp kettles from the field kitchens.

The British artillery officers praise highly the gunnery of their opponents. They declare that the German shells almost always burst at accurate range, but often too high to do damage. The soldiers rest occasionally when in deep trenches, smoking pipes and cigarettes, for a ration of tobacco is served regularly. Meanwhile shells tear by overhead with a sound like the ripping of parchment.

British officers relate an incident which they say occurred during twilight last evening. A force of German infantry, when charged by a British battalion, held up their hands in token of surrender. The British approached to take them prisoners when, it is said, the Germans re-opened fire. The British officers ordered their men to lie down, which they did. Then three big machine guns were brought into action and killed every German in that portion of the field.

TWO GREAT HAMMER STROKES HAVE FALLEN.

London, Sept. 25.—Almost simultaneously, the two great hammer strokes in the battle in Northern France have fallen and some decisive result must be announced before long. The allies have struck the German right wing, and the Germans have hurled themselves against the French line between Verdun and Toul.

The commencement of these two attacks in earnest was disclosed by the French official statement issued today, but little is told of how they are progressing. The action against the German right is described as a violent general one, in which the French left encountered an army corps the Germans brought from the center of Lorraine and the Vosges.

The clash occurred in the district between Tergnier and St. Quentin, so that the French have made a considerable advance to the northwest since the last mention was made of this part of their army. The French report admits that the Germains gained a footing on the Meuse heights and have pushed forward in the direction of St. Mihiel, bombarding the forts of Paroches and the Roman camp. The communication, however, adds that, on the other hand, to the south of Verdun, the French remain masters of the heights of the Meuse and that their troops, debouching from Toul, have advanced in the region of Beaumont.

In the center, east of Rheims, the French have made some progress, but elsewhere nothing of importance has happened as shown in the official reports and no other information is available as the strictest censorship has been established.

IN THE EASTERN WAR THEATRE

Some confirmation comes today of yesterday's report that the Germans have suffered a reverse on the East Prussian frontier. Several trainloads of wounded, including German prisoners, have arrived at Pakov, according to a Petrograd dispatch, having been engaged in severe fighting on the borders of Suwalki, where they say the Germans suffered heavy losses.

In Galicia, the Russians have annexed a few more towns and are perfecting their plan for an attack on Przemysl, an advance against General Danki, and, eventually, the fortress of Cracow.

While the Servians and Montenegrins are closing in on the Bosnian city of Sarajevo, the Austrians have retaliated by resuming the bombardment of Belgrade, which during the early weeks of the war was under constant fire. They also have attempted to cross the Danube, but according to Servian reports, have failed.

The French and British navies have annexed the Island of Lissa, in the Adriatic. The object of this capture according to Italian reports, was to induce the Austrian fleet to come out and accept battle.

The Australian navy has added another German possession in the South Pacific to its list of captures. This time it is Kaiser Wilhelm's Land, the German portion of New Guinea, one of the Emperor's most valuable colonies in that part of the world. It is expected that Admiral Patey will take the rest of the German Pacific islands, leaving a small garrison at each.

To fill up the gaps in the officers' ranks, caused by casualties in France, the war office is promoting a large number of non-commissioned officers to the commissioned ranks.

German airships and aeroplanes again have been flying along the Belgian and French coast and have dropped bombs at Ostend and Boulogne, without doing a great amount of damage. They have not ventured across the channel, but are expected to do so when conditions are favorable.

While these craft drop bombs, the object of their flights, doubtless is to

(Continued on Page Two.)

WAR SITUATION THIS MORNING

Two engagements at least may have decisive results in the great battle being waged in Northern France are being fought. The allies have struck the German right wing northwest of Noyon, and the invading forces have hurled themselves against the French line between Verdun and Toul. The beginning of the attacks was announced in the French official statement issued yesterday, but little was disclosed as to how the fights are progressing.

The advance troops of the French came in contact with superior forces of the enemy on the right wing yesterday morning and were compelled to give a little ground. Being reinforced, however, the French troops vigorously resumed the offensive. This action is described as a violent and general one.

On the French right wing the enemy has begun to give way before the attacks of the allies, coming from the direction of Nancy and Toul, according to the French official report.

The report admits that the Germans have gained a footing on the Meuse heights and have pushed forward in the direction of St. Mihiel (on the right bank of the Meuse, 20 miles southeast of Verdun) but have not been able to cross the river. In the southern region of Woevre the enemy is retiring towards Rupt De Mad, in the department of Meurthe-Et-Moselle. The action continues in that region.

Some confirmation was given last night of Thoursday's report that the Germans had suffered a reverse on the East Prussian frontier. Severtl train loads of wounded have arrived at Pskov, according to a Petrograd dispatch, having been engaged in severe fighting on the borders of Suwalki, where they say the Germans sustained heavy losses.

The Amsterdam correspondent of the Reuter Telegram Company has sent a dispatch to London saying that, according to a telegram from Moestricht, great masses of German troops are being transported into France over the railway line running between Munich, Gladbach and Aix La Chapelle.

A dispatch received in London from Ostend says that 40,000 Germans have been encamped in the environs of Waterloo since Saturday. The invading troops have installed heivy siege guns at Grimbergen and Meysse.

It was officially announced in London last night that nearly sixty officers and 1,400 men were lot in the sinking of the British cruisers Aboukir, Hogue and Cressy by German submarines in the North Sea. The Admiralty last night published the reports of the senior surviving officers of the ships and laid down the rule that military dispositions and interests must take precedence over saving of life in such cases, and that ships must be left to their own resources as they would be in battle.

Premier Asquith appeared at the Mansion House in Dublin last night, for the purpose, as he put it, "as the head of the King's government to summon loyal and patriotic Ireland to take her place in defense of our common cause." The prime minister received a tremendous welcome, his words arousing great enthusiasm.

German airships and aeroplanes again have been flying along the Belgian and French coasts, dropping bombs at Ostend and Boulogne. No great damage was done in either place. It is expected in London that German aviators will venture across the English channel when conditions are favorable.

A dispatch to London from Berlin says the general staff admits that the official lists of prisoners, as previously published, have been found to be erroneous. It is announced that the aggregate number of prisoners now in German hands is 50,000 instead of 250,000 as previously reported. Of those held 30,000 are Russians.

U. S. FORCES WILL REMAIN AT VERA CRUZ YET AWHILE

Until Question of Authority Between Carranza and Villa is Settled—All Communication With Mexico City is Cut—Governor of Sonora, Loyal to Villa, Attacks the Forces of Gen. Hill, Carranza Commander.

Washington, Sept. 25.—American forces will remain in Vera Cruz until the question of authority between General Carranza and General Villa is settled. This was the concensus of opinion of administration officials tonight, although no definite announcement was made.

Secretary Garrison telegraphed General Funston at Vera Cruz not to load necessary baggage or supplies aboard transports, informing him at the same time that the American forces would not be withdrawn "for at least ten days," until questions concerning the transfer of funds at the customs house could be adjusted.

Later the following formal statement was issued by the War Department:

"Numerous inquiries were made here and of General Funston as to the date of the departure of the American troops from Vera Cruz. In view of matters which must be settled first, no date at present can be fixed, but in no event can the departure take place within the next ten days, and General Funston was so advised."

Inasmuch as telegraph communication with Mexico City is interrupted, State Department officials did not know when they could reach an understanding with the Carranza government.

Administration officials think an agreement between Villa and Carranza may be effected through the mediation of Mexican leaders. The anxiety of promient Constitutionalists in Mexico City to mediated the dispute is regarded as a hopeful sign, as is General Carranza's declaration that he would not attack Villa.

Some observers believe Villa's threats are designed more as a show of force to prevent Carranza placing in power as provisional president one of his supporters or to diminish Carranza's chances of being chosen president in the general election.

While consular reports today showed the southern republic to be trembling in fear of another revolution, nothing was received to indicate that a physical clash of any importance was imminent. President Wilson is absolutely neutral and is endeavoring to have consular agents refrain from involving the American government.

At the Mexican embassy here, the belief was reiterated that bloodshed would be avoided and mediation successful.

All Communication Cut.

Washington, Sept. 25.—Brigadier General Bliss, commanding the border forces, telegraphed the War Department today that all wires had been cut south of Laredo, Eagle Pass and Huarez. Maj. Gen. Wotherspoon, chief of staff, said reports to the department was without any means of communication with Mexico.

Carranza Forces Routed.

Douglas, Ariz., Sept. 25.—Carranza forces under General Benjamin Hill were routed today by the troops of Governor Maytorena in the first engagement of the new revolution proclaimed by the State of Sonora in connection with General Villa's defiance of Carranza.

Hill's loss is not known.

Carranza's Forces Attacked.

Douglas, Ariz., Sept. 25.—Jose Maria Maytorena, governor of Senora, attacked the forces of General Benjamin Hill, Carranza commanded, today at Santa Barbara. Hill sent spcial trains to Cananea for reinforcements.

Hill has ordered all the garrisons in Northern Sonora to join his army. The fighting is being watched by two troops of United States cavalry under Major Rayard, who has instructions to arrest men of either faction who may attempt flight across the boundary.

Col. P. Elias Callos, deposed as military commander in Sonora after quarreling with Maytorona, on his way from Mexico City telegraphed to Mexican representatives here that he was going to join Hill. He is traveling via Laredo to avoid contcat with any of Villa's men.

To Confer With Villa.

El Paso, Tex., Sept. 25.—George C. Carothers, special agent of the State Department left late today for Chihuahua to confer with General Villa, who has announced openly his independence of Carranza.

It was understood Carothers would investigate the fate of General Alvaro Obregon, whose arrest by Villa was one of the prime factors in the breach.

Carranza Reviews Difficulties.

Mexico City, Sept. 25.—General Venustiano Carranza tonight gave to the press a ten-page typewritten state-

(Continued on Page Two.)

MARCONI STATION CLOSED BY THE NAVY DEPARTMENT

Because Company Declined to Recognize Right of Government to Exercise Censorship—No Cognizance Taken of Fact That Application for Injunction Had Been Filed—No Force Necessary to Close It.

Washington, Sept. 25.—By order of President Wilson, as commander in chief of the Army and Navy, the wireless station of the Marconi Company at Siasconsett, Mass., was closed today because it declined to recognize the right of the Federal gevernment to exercise a censorship over the plant.

The Navy Department took no cognizance of the fact that the Marconi Company had filed in a Federal court an application for an injunction to restrain the naval officers from closing or censoring the station.

Although it appeared as if the wireless company might compel the naval officials to exercise force, the company finally decided to offer no resistance and the station was closed at 1 P. M. The Navy Department made public tonight the telegrams that had passed between the department and Ensign E. B. Nixon, U. S. N., in charge at the Siasconsett station, as well as the opinion of Attorney General Gregory in legality of the action.

The Department Statement.

The statement follows:

"At 1:23 P. M. the Navy Department received the following message from Ensign Nixon, government censor at the Siasconsett station:

"'Siasconsett, Mass., Sept. 25—The following letter was received when your instructions were delivered to the Marconi men in charge of this station.

"'I acknowledge receipt of your letter of instructions relative to the cessation of all radio communications at Siasconsett, Mass., and would ask if you are prepared to carry out your orders by force.

"'Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company of America.

"'I request instructions.

"'E. B. Nixon.'

At 2:17 P. M. the Department received the following:

"Siasconsett, Mass., Sept. 25.

"'Secretary of the Navy. Washington, D. C.

"'The Marconi Company withdraws letter previously sent and the station was closed at 1 P. M.

"'E. B. Nixon.'

Attorney General Opinion.

No instruction from the Department had been sent to Ensign Nixon between the receipt of these two messages.

The Attorney General's opinion upholds the right of the President to take whatever means he deems advisable to insure the neutrality of the United States. He reviews the Marconi Company case from the time of the issuance of an executive order on August 5, 1914, forbiding transmission of receipt of unneutral messages and the placing of navy censors in radio stations, and down to the present, and continues:

"The President of the United States is at the head of the three great coordnate forces of the government. He is chief of the Navy and Army. In preservation of safety and protection of the United States and its obligations as a soverignty, his powers are broad. In the words of Mr. Justice Miller his power includes the enforcements of the rights, duties and obligations growing out of the constitution itself, our international relations, and all the protection implied by the natural of the government under the constitution.

"If the President is of the opinion that the relations of this country with foreign nations are, or are likely to be, endangered by actions deemed by him inconsistent with a due neutrality, it is his right and duty to protect such relations, and in doing so, in the absence of any statutory restrictions, he may act through such executive officer of department as appears best adapted to effectuate the desired end. The act of such executive officer or department in such case is the act of the President; a denial of the officers authority is a denial of the President's power.

"T powers above outlined one not novel, they have been exercised in numerous emergencies by presidents of the United States and whenever their exercise has been attacked in legal proceedings, their validity has, with hardly an exception, been upheld by the courts.

Authority of "Radio Act."

"The act of August 13,1912, known as the "Radio Act" provides additional authority for the use or control of any radio station by any department o fthe government in time of war, or public peril or disaster.

"It is unnecessary to comment on the perils of the p resent international situation and it is easy to see that an agency such as the wireless stations along our coast is capable of creating international complications of the gravest character.

"The system of censorhip heretofore adopted seems reasonable and fair solution of a critical situation. It interferes, but slightly with the operation of the plant, and the Marconi Company should cheerfully bear with this inconvenience in recognition of its own interest in the general welfare.

"In case it becomes inadvisable, for any reason, to continue the censorship, I do not hesitate, in view of the extraordinary conditions existing, to advise that the President, through the Secretary of the Navy or any other appropriate department, close down, or take charge of and operate, the plant in question, should he deem it necessary in securing obedience to his proclamation or neutrality."

Although the Navy Department has taken no congnizance of the Marconi Company's application for an injunction, the Department of Justice is expected to oppose it in cpurt.

In the meantime, the government may reopen and operate the wireless station and take such funds as exceed the cost of operation in trust for the Marconi Company.

WAR REVENUE BILL PASSES THE HOUSE

Vote on Administration Measure 234 to 13.

$105,000,000 A YEAR

All Republicans and All Progressives Except One, and Eleven Democrats Vote Against the Measure.

Washington, Sept. 25.—The administration's war revenue bill, imposing additional taxes on beer, domestic wines and gasoline, special taxes on theatres and certain dealers, and stamp taxes, all estimated to produce $105,000,000 within a year, was passed late today by the House 234 to 13.

The bill now goes to the Senate.

All the Republicans and all the Progressives, except Representative Copley, of Illinois, voted against the bill. They were joined by the following 11 Democrats:

Representative Calloway, Texas; Church, California; Hobson, Alabama; O'Hara, Illinois; Ragsdale, South Carolina; Sisson, Stephens and Witherspoon, Mississippi; Stevens, New Hampshire; Thompson, Oklahoma, and Wingo, Arkansas.

The bill was under discussion in the House two days. Republican Leader Mann assailed the measure as due to the Democratic tariff rather than to the war and as a novel proposition to tax the people's pocketbooks while the government has $75,000,000 on deposit in National banks.

Representative Hobson, Democrat, declared the temperance forces opposed any tax on beer and the principle that the government should not be dependent in any way on alcohol.

The bill would impose an additional tax of 50 cents a barrel on beer, two cents a gallon on gasoline, 20 cents a gallon on sweet wines and 12 cents on dry wines, stamp taxes on railway and

(Continued on Page Two.)

STRUGGLE ONE OF EXTREME VIOLENCE

French Driven Back But Resume the Offensive IN REGION OF NOYON

Paris Official Statement Says Germans Have Begun to Give Way on East Wing—Nothing New in the Center.

Paris, Sept. 25.—The official communication issued at 11 o'clock tonight regarding the progress of the battle in Northern France says that French troops in the region of Noyon early today were compelled to give ground before superior forces, but having been reinforced, again assumed the offensive, the engagement being one of particular violence.

The text of the statement follows:

"On our left wing, in the region northwest of Noyon, our advanced troops, having come in contact with superior forces of the enemy, were compelled this morning to give a little ground. Being reinforced, however, by fresh troops, these troops have vigorously resumed the offensive.

"The struggle in this region has taken on a character of extreme violence.

"In the center there is nothing new to report.

"On our right wing the enemy has begun to give way before the attacks of our troops coming from the direction of Nancy and Toul.

"In the southern region of Woevre, the enemy is retiring towards Rupt de Mad (in Meurthe Et Moselle). The action continues.

"On the heights of the Meuse, the German forces have penetrated nearly as far as St. Mihiel (on the right bank of the Meuse 20 miles south southeast of Verdun) but have not been able to cross the river."

Afternoon Communication.

The following official communication

(Continued on Page Two)

LEAVE DISABLED WARSHIPS TO FATE

Rule Laid Down by the British Admiralty.

REPORT ON DISASTER

Two of the Three Cruisers Sunk Were Lost in Attempt to Save Men on First—Action Condemned. Official Statement.

London, Sept. 25.—The admiralty, publishing tonight the reports of the senior surviving officers of the cruisers Aboukir, Hogue and Cressy, lays down the rule that military dispositions and interests must take precedence over the saving of life in such cases and that ships must be left to their own resources, as they would be in battle.

Facts concerning the sinking of the British cruisers Aboukir, Hogue and Cressy by a German submarine or submarines in the North Sea, with a loss of nearly 60 officers and 1,400 men, are contained in the admiralty statement.

The reports of Commanders Nicholson, of the Cressy, and Norton, of the Hogue, state that the Aboukir was hit by one torpedo and sunk in 35 minutes. Three torpedoes were fired at the Cressy, one of the explosives missing. She lasted from 35 to 45 minutes. The Hogue was struck twice, 10 to 20 seconds elapsing between the torpedoes. She went under in five minutes.

The Cressy fired on the submarine and some of the officers were confident the shots sank it. Commander Nicholson says the three torpedoes directed against his ship might have been fired by the same submarine and that there is no real proof that more than one was engaged.

The reports show the strictest discipline was maintained and that achievements of heroism were performed, but the admiralty has established the rule that such affairs must be governed by the same laws that prevail in naval actions and that disabled ships must be left to their own resources rather than that other ships should be jeopardized by reacue work.

The statement follows:

"The sinking of the Aboukir was, of course, an ordinary hazard of patrolling duty. The Hogue and the Cressy, however, were sunk because they proceeded to the assistance of their consort and remained with engines stopped, endeavoring to save life, thus presenting an easy and certain target to further submarine attacks.

"The natural promptings of humanity in this case have led to heavy losses which would have been avoided by strict adherence to military considerations. Modern naval war is presenting us with so many new and strange situations that an error of judgment of this character is pardonable. But it has been necessary to point out for the further guidance of His Majesty's ships that conditions which prevail when a vessel of a squadron is injured in a mine field, or is exposed to submarine attack, are analogous to those which occur in action and that the rule of leaving disabled ships to their own resources is applicable so far, at an yrate, as any large vessels are concerned.

"No act of humanity, whether to friend or foe, should lead to neglect of the proper precautions and dispositions of war, and no measures can be taken to save life which prejudice the military situation. Small craft of all kinds should, however, be directed by wireless to close on the damaged ship with all speed.

"The losses of 60 officers and 1,400 men would not have been begrudged if it had been brought about by gun fire in an open action. But it is peculiarly distressing under conditions that prevailed. The absence of any of the ardor and possibly of an engagement did not prevent the display of discipline, cheerful courage and ready self-sacrifice among all ranks and ratings.

"The duty on which these vessels were engaged was an essential part of the arrangements by which the control of the seas and the safety of the country are maintained and the lives lost are as usefully, as necessarily and as gloriously devoted to the right of His Majesty's ships as if the loss had occurred in a general action."

THE KRONPRINZ WILHELM IS HEARD FROM AGAIN.

German Cruiser Has Sunk British Steamer Indian Prince.

Rio Janeiro, via London, Sept. 25.—The German steamer Prussia has arrived at Santos and landed the master and 15 men of the British steamer Indian Prince, which was sunk by the German auxiliary cruiser Kronprinz Wilhelm.

This is the first definite news of the Kronprinz Wilhelm, a North German Lloyd liner, since she was reported as having been transferring coal to the German cruiser Karlsruhe in West Indian waters. British cruisers came up while the transfer of the coal was in progress and the Kronprinz Wilhelm took to her heels while the Karlsruhe and the British ships engaged in a running duel.

SECRETARY BRYAN IS BACK AT ASHEVILLE.

His Health Poor, He is Advised to Take Open Air Treatment.

Asheville, N. C., Sept. 25.—Secretary of State Wm. J. Bryan has returned to Asheville, for an indefinite stay following a hurried trip to Washington.

The health of the Secretary is poor and he has been told to spend his time in the open air. His ill health is attributed to overwork.

MONOPOLY

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PROGRESS AND AGAINST MONOPOLY

See That Your Name Is On The Books. TO-DAY Is The Last Day For Registration.

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REGISTER REGISTER REGISTER

WILMINGTON-CAROLINA BEACH RAILWAY COMPANY

M'ADOO COMPLAINS OF HIGH INTEREST

Makes Appeal to the Banks of the Large Cities.

NEW YORK ESPECIALLY

Sends Telegram to Chairmen of Clearing House Association in New York, St. Louis, Chicago and Boston—Rates Exorbitant.

Washington, Sept. 25.—Secretary McAdoo today sent telegrams to the chairman of the clearing house association in New York, Chicago, Boston and St. Louis, complaining of high interest rates in those cities and appealing for aid in remedying that condition. The telegrams said:

"I have received complaints about the high rates of interest which are being charged by the national banks of New York, Boston, Chicago and other reserve cities. It is alleged that the New York banks are requiring their correspondent banks throughout the country to pay 7 per cent. for loans and to maintain a balance with the New York banks, which makes the money cost the correspondent banks the equivalent of 8 per cent. or more. Specific cases have been brought to my attention where banks in cities of the South have been required to pay these high interest rates.

"If New York charges the equivalent of 8 per cent. interest to the correspondent banks of the South, these southern banks, must, in turn, charge a still higher rate to the small banks, which are, in turn, their correspondents, thus making the money cost the ultimate borrower very high, if not exorbitant rates. From all the evidence before me I cannot feel that the charge of seven to eight per cent. interest by the New York banks is justified in the circumstances. Within the past six weeks I have approved the issuance to the national banks of New York City of more than $140,000,000 of new or additional national bank currency. This was done for the purpose of easing rates and helping the situation generally."

Not Charged With Hoarding.

He then reiterated his position regarding money hoarding and excessive interest charges by national banks, and continues:

"The New York banks generally have not been hoarding money or maintaining excessive reserves, but they appear to be charging higher rates of interest than the conditions seem to justify. I am using every just effort to persuade the banks throughout the country to extend reasonable credits and at reasonable rates of interest to meet the existing unusual conditions. I should like to see the New York banks take the lead in establishing and maintaining moderate rates of interest for accommodations, as their example always has a large influence upon banking action and sentiment in the country. If this course is pursued by the leading banks in New York and other great money centers a real public service will be rendered and a return to normal conditions of business will be quickened. I have been using to the utmost every power of this department to assist the general business situation and the banks, and I ask only for cooperation on the part of the banks in an unselfish and patriotic spirit."

List of Hoarders Public.

Washington, Sept. 25.—Continuing his campaign against high interest rates and the hoarding of money by banks, Secretary McAdoo tonight made public a list of nearly 250 national banks outside reserve and central reserve cities, which are carrying reserves in excess of legal requirements. The list shows that reserves in these banks run from 25 per cent to 74 per cent, the legal minimum being 15 per cent.

"If," said Mr. McAdoo in a statement given out with the list, "the large amount of loanable funds that are kept from active employment, as indicated by these figures, was invested in commercial or agricultural paper or loaned on proper security, the present situation would be greatly relieved."

The Secretary's statement referred to the list as showing "some" of the national banks carrying excessive reserves, and it was understood tonight further lists would follow.

The list includes Concord National, 28 per cent, Concord, N. C.

LOBBY INVESTIGATION MAY NOW BE RESUMED

Overman Considers Calling His Committee Again

Prompted by Recent Charges and Insinuations That Insidious Influences Have Been at Work in Washington Again.

Washington, Sept. 25.—Frenquent charges and insinuations that insidious influences have been at work in Washington in connection with anti-trust and river and harbor legislation have prompted Senator Overman, chairman of the special lobby investigation committee, to consider calling his committee to complete the inquiry begun more than a year ago.

Senator Overman said today the committee probably would resume its work as soon as its members could find time. It then would consider the advisability of extending its inquisition into the activities of individuals and organizations allewed to have been urging river and harbor appropriations and opposing the Federal trade commission and Clayton anti-trust bills. It also would complete inquiry begun several months ago into influences alleged to have operated here against repeal of the Panama toll exemption for American ships.

Senator Overman said that as soon as the committee completed its investigation and reported he proposed to press his bill for the prohibition of insidious lobbying and regulation of legitimate lobbying before Congress.

STRUGGLE ONE OF EXTREME VIOLENCE

(Continued From Page One)

was given out this afternoon.

"First. On our left wing there has begun an action of great violence by those that are operating on the river Oise and the army corps which the enemy has grouped in the region around Tegnier and St. Quentin. These army corps have come, some from the center of the enemy's line and others from Lorraine and the Vosges. These last named corps were transported by rail to Cambrai, by way of Liege and Valenciennes. To the north of the river Aisne, as far as Berry au Bac, there has been no change of importance.

"Second. On the center we have made progress to the east of Rheims in the direction of Berry and Moronvilliers. Further to the east, as far as the Argonne region, the situation shows no change. To the east of the Argonne the enemy has not been able to move out of Varennes. On the right bank of the river Meuse the enemy succeeded in getting footing on the heights of the Meuse, in the region of the promontory of Hatton Chatel, and forced in the direction of St, Mihiel, he bombarded the forts of Paroches and of Camps Des Romaines. To offset this, to the south of Verdun we remain masters of the heights of the Meuse and our troops, moving out of Toul, advanced until they reached the region of Beaumont.

"Third. On our right wing, Lorraine and the Vosges, we have repulsed attacks of minor importance on Nomeny. To the east of Luneville the enemy has made some demonstrations along the lines of the river Vegouse and the river Blette."

DEMAND SURRENDER.

But Curt Answer is Sent by Servia to Austriaas.

London, Sept. 25.—12:25 A. M.—An official statement received from Nish by the Reuter Telegram Company says:

"A severe battle continued September 23 on the front between Sevornik and Lotsnitsa, and on the front from Minibja to Sabatz. Elsewhere the situation is unchanged.

"The Austrian commander sent emisaries to Belgrade demanding the surrender of the town. Our reply to this insolent demand was to order the artillery to fire on the Austrian monitors."

DECISIVE RESULT APPEARS IMMINENT

(Continued from Page One.)

find out what the allies are doing on the coast. The Germans expect some move in that direction as, according to reports from Belgian and Dutch sources, they are strengthening their positions through the occupied territory.

RUSSIANS TAKE CRACOW.

Austrian Inhabitants Fleeing in Panic Says Petrograd.

London, Sept. 25.—3:02 A. M.—"That Cracow has been occupied by Russian troops, that the town has been put under a Russian military commandant and that the Austrian civil administration has been displaced is the gist of the latest advices received here," says the Petrogard correspondent of the Morning Post.

"All the original administration has fled and the civilian officials of the Austrian government have left. Residents are fleeing in a panic."

FOUR INSTEAD OF THREE.

Bombs Dropped at Ostend by Zeppelin Aeroplanes.

London, Sept. 25.—It was discovered today that the Zeppelin airship which flew over Ostend yesterday dropped bombs, threw down four of the explosives instead of three as first reported, according to an Ostend dispatch to the Reuter Telegram Company.

One of the bombs fell in the harbor, another on the outskirts of the town and the third in the fish market. Houses near the fish market were badly damaged. Today is was found that a fourth bomb had been dropped near the railway depot. It fell between two steel rails which were broken to pieces, some of the fragments being hurled a distance of 800 feet.

"MINOR ENGAGEMENTS."

"Nothing of Importance Has Transpired," Says Berlin.

Berlin, via London, Sept. 25.—The following official announcement dated yesterday has been given out at army headquarters:

"In the western theatre of the war today there have been some minor engagements, but nothing of importance has transpired.

"There is no news from Belgium or the eastern war arena."

BRITISH WIN IN NEW GUINEA.

Town and Harbor of Frederick Wilhelm Occupied by Australians.

London, Sept. 25.—The official press bureau this afternoon issued the following:

"The admiralty announces that a telegram has been received from Vice Admiral Sir George Patey, stating that the town and the harbor of Frederich Wilhelm, the seat of government of Kaiser Wilhelm's Land (the name applied to the German portion of New Guinea) have been occupied by an Australian force without opposition.

"The armed forces of the enemy appear to have been at Herbertshoehe, where they were annihilated.

"The British flag has been hoisted at Friedrich Wilhelm and a garrison has been established there."

ALLIES LAND IN DALMATIA.

After Bombarding Fortified Austrian Port of Lissa.

London, Sept. 25.—A Central News dispatch from Rome says that the Austrian seaport of Lissa, in Dalmatia, was bombarded by a French fleet on September 19. Later troops were landed from the warships and went into garrison. British and French flags were hoisted over the semaphore station at Lissa.

Paris, Sept. 25.—A dispatch to the Italian newspaper Messaggero, forwarded to Paris by the Rome correspondent of the Havas agency, says that the allied forces have landed in Dalmatia after bombarding the fortified harbor of Lissa. The British and French flags were then hoisted to provoke the Austrian fleet to come out and engage the allied fleet in battle.

Three Austrian squadrons are sheltered in a canal at Fassana, opposite the Austrian naval station at Pola.

BOMBS DROPPED IN OSTEND.

By a Zeppelin Airship Coming From the Southwest.

Ostend, Via London, Sept. 25.—A Zeppelin airship coming from the direction of Thourout (sh miles southwest of Bruges, Belgium) dropped three bombs yesterday. One of them struck the Avenue De Smet De Nayer bridge, on the outskirts of the town, another fell in the harbor and another on the premises of a wholesale fish dealer in the fish market, partly wrecking the building.

The explosion here made a great cavity in the ground and badly damaged all surrounding houses, extinguished street lamps, destroyed electric wires and created a panic. The Zeppelin returned in the direction of Thielt (12 miles northeast of Courtral.)

The Avenue De Smet De Nayer bridge crosses the Canal De Derivation at the northeast boundary of the famous park Marie-Henriette in Ostend.

The fish market in Ostend is near the railway station and on Wednesday and Friday is crowded with purchasers.

From Ostend as the crow flies it is only about 70 miles across the North Sea and the Strait of Dover to the English coast.

DUEL IN THE AIR.

Between Belgian Biplane and German Machine Over Brussels.

London, Sept. 25.—A duel in the air over Brussels between a Belgian biplane and a German machine is indicated by a correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Co.

The two machines ascended to a great altitude and after a swift flight the aviators exchanged shots at short range. Suddenly the German turned turtle and fell, and the Belgian biplane returned towards Antwerp.

GERMANS' FIGURES WRONG.

Number of Prisoners Taken 50,000 Instead of 250,000.

London, Sept. 25.—The Central News Agency has received the following from Rome:

"A message from Berlin says the general staff, having agreed to the complete official lists of prisoners, has found it necessary to admit that the totals already announced were wrong. The aggregate number of prisoners in German hands is reduced from 250,000 to 50,000 of whom 30,000 were Russians."

U. S. FORCES WILL REMAIN AT VERA CRUZ

(Continued from Page One.)

ment reviewing the difficulties between himself and General Francisco Villa.

Gen. Carranza declared that Gen. Villa demanded impossible changes in the call issued for a conference of Constitutionalist chiefs on October 1st.

Villa also demanded explanations, the statement said, the giving of which would be incompatible with the dignity of the supreme chief of the revolution. For these reasons, said Gen. Carranza, the situation is grave.

The Constitutionalists are ready for any emergency.

To Relieve Vessels on Duty.

Washington, Sept. 25.—At the Navy Department tonight it was stated that the battleships Rhode Island, Texas and Minnesota had been ordered to Vera Cruz to relieve vessels now on duty there two days ago before any word had reached Washington of the open rupture between Generals Carranza and Villa. It was stated positively that no new mobilization in Mexican waters was contemplated and that the only object in sending the vessels to Vera Cruz was to relieve other vessels of the fleet.

Presidio, Texas, Sept. 25.—Official advices received at Ojinaga, Mex. (opposite Presidio) tonight report a clash between the forces of Carranza and Villa near Torreon. The dispatch gave no details.

Anti-American Demonstrations.

El Paso, Texas, Sept. 25.—Stones were thrown through the windows of the residence of the American vice consul at Parral, September 15, declared American refugees who arrived at the border today. They told of an anti-American uprising at Parral, a mining town in Northern Mexico, in which orators had demanded that the United States withdraw its troops from Vera Cruz. Later the mobs, arrivals here said, marched past the residence of the American vice consul and threw stones through the windows of the building.

Battleships Ordered to Vera Cruz.

Norfolk, Va., Sept. 25.—Following the receipt of news of the threatened split between Provisional President Carranza and General Villa, the Navy Department has ordered the battleships Minnesota, Rhode Island and Texas to proceed to Vera Cruz. The Rhode Island went into dry dock at the navy yard today for temporary repairs, but will sail for Mexico tomorrow or Sunday. The Minnesota was ordered to Philadelphia to have her bottom scraped and painted but will be ready to sail by Monday.

The Texas, which is en route to Galveston to receive a silver service, the gift of the people of the Lone Star State, was ordered to proceed to Vera Cruz after the ceremonies are over.

WAR REVENUE BILL PASSES THE HOUSE

(Continued from Page One.)

steamboat tickets, brokers' contracts, insurance policies, mortgages, telegraph and telephone messages, and special taxes on theatres, brokers, bankers, tobacco dealers and others.

McAdoo Furnishes Figures.

Secretary McAdoo wrote Representative Underwood today that total treasury receipts for the present fiscal year up to Wednesday exceeded those for the same period a year ago by $734,904, but that the increase was accounted for by the $12,000,000 derived from the sale of two battleships to Greece and by the fact that $5,732,255 of the corporation and income tax for the previous fiscal year was not paid until the first ten days of July, 1914.

The actual increase in ordinary internal revenue collections for this fiscal year to August 31, compared with a year ago, was $2,139,643. There was a decrease of $588,166 in July, of which $429,336 was on distilled spirits. There was an increase of $2,171,809 over the corresponding period, the increase in revenue from distilled spirits aggregating $3,326,602.

CANADIAN CENSOR OVERRULES MAN WHO APPOINTED HIM

Regording News Concerning Troops Transported to Britain.

Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 25.—The Canadian official censor today overruled the man who appointed him to office, holding up a disptach which Col. Samuel Hughes, the minister of militia, had asked to have forwarded.

The incident occurred when Col. Hughes gave Ottawa press correspondents the date of the departure of the Canadian expeditionary fores from the Valcartier camp. He asked that the information be published.

The censor, who was named by Col. Hughes, held up the dispatches to the enemyes of the British cause.

T. W. Crothers, minister of larbor in the dominion of Canada, in St. John, N. B., announced yesterday that 32,000 Canadian volunteers had "gone to the front a day or two ago."

Bristol, Va., Sept. 25.—After electing officers and selecting Danville as the next meeting place, the 19th annual convention of the Virginia division of the United Daughters of the Confederacy adjourned in Bristol tonight. Mrs. S. A. Riddick, of Smithfield, Va., was elected president.

Business Locals

AUTO REPAIRS AT MOST REASONABLE rates. We have secured the services of Mr. J. E. Platt, as manager of our Repair Department, temporarily located at Eighth and Princess. All work guaranteed. Try Platt and get the Best. Moon Motor Sales Company; 'Phone connection.
se13-su,tu,th,sa-tf

LUMBER! LUMBER! LUMBER — I sell a few carloads of 8-inch sheathing boards for $11 per M., cash, F. O. B., cars, Council, N. C. Address John W. Dowless, Zara, N. C.
se 24-26-27-28-41*

"B. & L."—ONLY TWO LETTERS BUT they have spelled "Home," "Income," "Financial Independence" for hundreds. We start new series Saturday, October 3rd. Progressive Building and Loan Association. J. M. Solky, President; N. F. King, Jr., Sec-Treas. Office 215 Princess street.
se20-22-24-26-27-29, oc-1-3-4-9t

BUSINESS, PROFESSIONAL AND laboring men, farmers, mechanics and clerks, all are holders of Building and Loan stock. Why? Because it is the proven path to prosperity. Join this thrifty throng by subscribing to the 9th series (opens October 3rd.) Progressive Building and Loan Association. B. F. King, Jr., Secty. 215 Princess street.
se 20-22-24-26--27-29, oct 3-4-9t

WHY DELAY. STARTING. THAT Building and Loan stock? We open Ninth series Saturday, October 3rd. Progressive B. & L. Association, J. M. Solky, president; W. N. Harris, vice president; J. W. Little, Atty.; B. F. King, Jr., Sec.-treas; office 215 Princess street.
se 29-22-24-26-27-29 oct 3-4-9t

BRICK! BRICK! BRICK!

We are now prepared to make prompt deliveries of

——BRICK——

and will appreciate all orders given us.

Roger Moore's Sons & Co.

FINAL CLEAN UP SALE ON LOW SHOES

LADIES	LADIES
$4.00 Lot Walking Pumps and Colonials $2.48	One lot, sizes 1 to 2½ 97c
$3.50 Lot Evening Slippers; all colors $2.48	$5.00 and $4.00 Tan Button Boots . . $2.98
$4.00 Velvet Pumps, only $1.98	$4.00 Colonial Pumps, only $3.15
$4.00 Patent Leather Oxfords $1.98	All Children's Slippers at Great Reductions.

Every Low Shoe in House Reduced. Plenty of Time to Wear Low Shoes.

HEWLETT & PRICE

24 NO. FRONT.

MAIL US YOUR ORDERS FOR

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WINCHESTER U. M. C.

RIFLES

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SHOT GUNS

WINCHESTER . . . . . REPEATING
WINCHESTER . . . . . AUTOMATIC
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ALSO

FOX, LEFEVER, ITHACA, KNICKERBOCKER and IVER JOHNSON

WE HAVE A COMPLETE LINE AND CAN FILL YOUR ORDERS PROMPTLY.

J. W. MURCHISON & CO

WHOLESALE

ALPHA PORTLAND CEMENT

We are now receiving cargo of 18,000 Bags Alpha Portland Cement, and offer this high grade material at attractive prices.

We respectfully solicit your orders.

W. B Thorpe & Company

'Phone 789.

Star Business Locals Get Results.

ATTEMPT TO DISCREDIT SUCCESS

(Beware of the Demagogue.)

One of the favorite ways of building up prejudice by the parties asking for a franchise has been to advertise the earnings of the Tide Water Power Company, and from these they draw deductions which are misleading to the casual reader, and unfair to the Company. They have juggled the figures so that an expert could not know what they mean, but they state that the profit from railway and electric light and power in 1912 was $188,474.77. This is more than double what this profit really was. We will take Haskins & Sells' (certified public accountants) statement for the past year:

Gross Earnings	$456,350
Operating Expenses	254,426
	$201,924
Taxes	$ 17,267
	$184,657
Interest on collateral trust notes	$ 81,092
	$103,565
Deduct amount of earnings necessary to be put back into the property under the terms of the mortgage, in order to obtain new bonds necessary for extensions, about	$ 20,000
Profit available for dividends	$ 83,565
Amount of earnings applied to dividend of 6% on preferred stock	$ 35,328
Dividend of 7% on common stock	42,000
Total	77,328
Net earnings not otherwise applied	$ 6,237

Haskins & Sells' statement shows that during 1913 the sum of $109,473.96, received from the sale of bonds, was expended for "extensions and betterments." This was $6,000 more than the total net earnings. The largest amounts included in this item were as follows:

Extension to Sunset Park	$ 11,335
(Operating loss on this line is $1,500 a year.)	
3 New city cars	10,759
3 New suburban cars	10,179
Expenditures for electric light nad power extensions	11,000
Expenditures for gas extensions and new equipment	11,223
Extensions for gas mains and new gas equipment	6,842
New boiler at steam plant	4,717
Additional turbines and equipment required at power house	33,087
Additional 500 k. w. rotary needed at Wrightsville sub-station	6,230

This gives an idea of the average rate of expenditure for extensions and improvements during the last ten years.

A favorite street-corner argument for creating prejudice is the "enormous salaries paid by the Tide Water Power Company." These are fixed by "rumor" as high as $20,000 a year for the president and $10,000 each a year for the general manager and the vice-president. The records of the Company show that the President's salary for fourteen years has averaged $2,200 a year; the General Manager's salary has averaged $2,800 a year, the Vice-President's salary has averaged $550 a year.

Let us consider briefly whether the preferred and common stockholders of the Tide Water Power Company are entitled to the earnings of $77,328 a year which are distributed as dividends:

Many of the stockholders were original investors in the companies which were combined to form the Consolidated Railways, Light and Power Company, and, later, the Tide Water Power Company. All of the present stockholders are the legal successors of the original stockholders. A careful estimate shows that if all of the security holders (including bonds, preferred and common stock) had loaned their money on mortgages and received therefor only simple interest at the rate of 6%, rather than investing it in this enterprise, they would have received **$479,000 more income** than they have had. It is a fact that for a long time part of the capital stock had so greatly depreciated that it was practically lost; but these values have been built back by careful management and constructive methods; and in the nature of a continuous business later stockholders have made profits where the earlier stockholders made losses.

The earnings of $77,238 a year, applicable to dividends, are only reasonable compensation for the capital invested, the risks taken, and the work done. The storms which occur from time to time; accidents and damage suits, which have to be provided for; and political agitation like that now confronting the Company, make the risk of investment in a public service corporation one that is entitled to fair compensation.

There is another point of view which makes it clear that the earnings are **doubly justified.** If a merchant or a manufacturer uses his credit and borrows money to establish and carry on a business in a community, it is recognized that he must pay interest on that money, must take all of the risks incident thereto, must pay back the money at maturity of the loan; and **he is entitled to a profit on this borrowed money.** Most merchants and manufacturers would consider that they were entitled to a profit of 10% at least.

Now the Tide Water Power Company has borrowed on its credit $1,200,000.00, and invested this in the City of Wilmington and County of New Hanover. They must pay approximately 6% on this money. They are entitled to earn over and above the interest they have to pay at least 6%, which would be $72,000 a year. This would entitle them to total earnings, applicable to dividends, of $150,000 a year, instead of $77,238 as at present. **Will any reputable merchant deny this?** While the earnings on the preferred and common stock are $77,238, at the present time, they have averaged for a period of thirteen years $27,300 a year, or slightly less than 2½% per annum on the capital stock, which fairly represents the capital invested in the properties.

TIDE WATER POWER COMPANY.

(To be Continued.)

(adv't.)

SPORTS

ATHLETICS DOWN CHI. BROWNS BEAT RED SOX

Giving Mackmen an Edge of One More Game

Shawkey Given Excellent Support—Browns Pounded Shore Hard. Naps Down Washington—Yankees Defeat Tigers.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Philadelphia	93	49	.655
Boston	86	55	.610
Washington	75	68	.525
Detroit	75	69	.521
Chicago	67	77	.465
New York	65	77	.458
St. Louis	64	78	.451
Cleveland	46	98	.319

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

At Chicago 1; Philadelphia 3.
At Cleveland 3; Washington 1.
At Detroit 4; New York 5.
At St. Louis 10; Boston 1.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Philadelphia at Chicago.
Washington at Cleveland.
New York at Detroit.
Boston at St. Louis.

Chicago, Sept. 25.—Shawkey was given excellent support today. Philadelphia made it two straight from Chicago 3 to 1. The champions won the game in the second inning when they scored two runs on three singles, a base on balls and an error.

Philadelphia .....020 010 000—3 7 0
Chicago .....100 000 000—1 4 2

Shawkey and Schang; Wolfgang and Schalk.

ST. LOUIS CAME TO LIFE AND POUNDED OUT VICTORY

St. Louis, Sept. 25.—St. Louis came to life today, pounding Shore hard and often and won from Boston 10 to 1. Hoblitzel's single and a two-base hit by Gardner prevented a shut-out.

Boston .....010 000 000— 1 6 3
St. Louis .....400 024 00x—10 8 0

Shore, Bedient and Thomas and Pratt; Hamilton and Agnew.

CLEVELAND AND WASHINGTON BREAK EVEN FOR SEASON.

Cleveland, Sept. 25.—By bunching hits off Bentley in the third inning Cleveland defeated Washington 3 to 1, thus evening up the series for the year between the two clubs, each having won 10 games. Henry's triple saved Washington from a shut-out.

Cleveland .....002 001 00x—3 7 2
Washington .....000 000 100—1 3 2

Steen and Egan; Bentley, Harper, R. Williams and Henry.

FIRST GAME OF FINAL SERIES GOES TO EX-CHANCEMEN.

Detroit, Sept. 25.—New York defeated Detroit 5 to 4 in the first game of their final series. Battery and fielding errors paved the way for the visitors' first three runs, consecutive hitting sent in the tying and winning runs in the ninth. Most of the Detroit hits were wasted.

New York .....100 000 022—5 7 2
Detroit .....100 010 020—4 11 4

Warhop, Cole, Keating and Nunemaker; Cavet and McKee.

Cincinnati, Sept. 25.—The National Baseball Commission today announced that the names of players drafted by the National and American League would not be given out by the commission, but that the individual clubs would make them public when they so desired. This year the drafts were made secretly.

FEDERAL

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Indianapolis	79	63	.556
Chicago	79	63	.556
Baltimore	73	65	.529
Buffalo	72	66	.522
Brooklyn	71	68	.511
Kansas City	67	75	.472
St. Louis	61	79	.436
Pittsburg	56	81	.409

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

At Brooklyn 1; Chicago 4.
At Pittsburg 1; Indianapolis 0.
At Baltimore 2; St. Louis 5.
At Buffalo 2; Kansas City 4.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Chicago at Brooklyn.
Indianapolis at Pittsburg.
St. Louis at Baltimore.
Kansas City at Buffalo.

BY OUTBATTING BROOKLYN CHIFEDS WIN OPENER.

Brooklyn, Sept. 25.—Chicago outbatted Brooklyn in the opening game of the series today and won easily 4 to 1. Johnson struck out ten men.

Chicago .....010 001 200—4 11 1
Brooklyn .....001 000 000—1 5 0

Johnson and Wilson; Brown and Watson.

BUFFEDS DROP FIRST TO KANSAS CITY.

Buffalo, Sept. 25.—Buffalo lost the opening game today to Kansas City 4 to 2.

Buffalo .....000 000 200—2 5 2
Kansas City .....000 000 004—4 8 0

Anderson and Lavigne; Packard and Easterly.

BALTIMORE'S LOOSE WORK GAVE ST. LOUIS VICTORY.

Baltimore, Sept. 25.—St. Louis won from Baltimore today 5 to 2, principally because of the home team's loose playing.

St. Louis .....000 301 100—5 7 1
Baltimore .....000 200 000—2 7 2

Crandall and Chessman; Smith, Conley and Jacklitsch and Russell.

PITTSBURG FEDERALS WIN FROM INDIANAPOLIS

Pittsburg, Sept. 25.—Elmer Knetzer was in fine from today and Indianapolis was shut out 1 to 0.

Indianapolis .000 000 000—0 3 2
Pittsburg .000 001 00x—1 6 1

Kaiserling, Mullin and Rariden; Knetzer and Berry.

INTERNATIONAL PENNANT

Providence, By Winning From Baltimore, Captures "Rag."

Providence, R. I., Sept. 25.—Providence, by defeating Baltimore today captured the International League pennant. The season does not end until Sunday, but Providence will play it's last game tomorrow. The week started with Providence, Buffalo and Rochester fighting for first place.

HOUSE COMMITTEE AGREES ON RIVERS AND HARBORS.

Will Call Up Bill Today as Passed by the Senate.

Washington, Sept. 25.—Democrats of the House rivers and harbors committee today authorized Chairman Sparkman to recommend agreement with the Senate's reduction of the rivers and harbors bill from $53,000,000 to $20,000,000.

Representative Sparkman expects to call up the bill in the House tomorrow.

Cincinnati, Sept. 25.—August Herrman, president of the National Baseball Commission, said today a meeting of the commission would be held in Philadelphia next Wednesday to arrange for the world's series. He said that the opening game would be on either October 8 or 9,depending on conditions in the National League race.

RUDOLPH AND GOWDY TWIRL DOUBLE VICTORY

While Giants Win Single from Cardinals

Rudolph Held Reds Scoreless for Second Time in Two Days—Giants' Victory a Gift—Dodgers' Tenth Straight.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Boston	84	56	.600
New York	77	65	.542
St. Louis	76	67	.532
Chicago	75	69	.521
Philadelphia	70	74	.486
Brooklyn	69	74	.483
Pittsburg	62	79	.440
Cincinnati	59	88	.401

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

At Boston 2; Cincinnati 0.
2nd: Boston 4; Cincinnati 3.
At New York 3; St. Louis 1.
At Philadelphia 3; Chicago 2.
At Brooklyn 3; Pittsburg 2.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Chicago at Boston (2.)
Pittsburg at New York (2.)
St. Louis at Brooklyn.
Cincinnati at Philadelphia.

Boston, Sept. 25.—Cincinnati was defeated twice by Boston today, 2 to 0 in the first game and 4 to 3 in the second. The double victory increased Boston's lead over New York by half a game.

Rudolph pitched the opening contest and held the visitors scoreless for the second time in two days. In the second game bunched hits and two Cincinnati errors enabled the home team to obtain a lead which the visitors could not overcome.

Tabulated Scorees.

CINCINNATI:	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Daniels, c f	4	0	0	2	0	0
Killifer, r f	4	0	2	0	0	0
Groh, 2-b	4	0	0	1	2	0
Niehoff, 3-b	4	0	1	0	3	0
Holden, l f	3	0	0	2	0	0
Gonzales, c	3	0	1	6	0	1
Berghammer, s s	3	0	1	0	7	0
Graham, 1-b	3	0	0	13	0	0
Yingling, p	3	0	2	0	1	0
• Milleer	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	32	0	7	24	13	1

BOSTON:	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Mann, r f	3	0	1	2	0	0
Evers, 2-b	3	0	2	5	4	0
Cather, l f	4	0	0	2	0	1
Whitted, c f	4	0	1	2	0	0
Schmidt, 1-b	4	1	1	1	0	0
Smith, 3-b	3	0	0	0	4	0
Maranville, s s	3	1	2	1	3	0
Gowdy, c	3	0	0	4	1	0
Rudolph, p	3	0	0	1	2	0
Totals	30	2	7	27	14	1

•—Batted for Holden in ninth.
Cincinnati .....000 000 000—0
Boston .....010 000 10x—2

Summary—Two base hit, Killifer, Schmidt, Whitted; sacrifice hit, Evers; stolen bases, Maranville; left on base Cincinnati 5, Boston 6; first base on balls off Yingling 1; struck out by Yingling 4, by Rudolph 4; wild pitch, Yingling.

Time 1:45; Umpires Quigley and Eason.

Second Game.

CINCINNATI:	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Daniels, c f	3	1	0	1	0	0
Killifer, r f	4	0	1	1	0	0
Groh, 2-b	4	0	1	2	2	1
Niehoff, 3-b	3	1	0	1	0	0
Miller, l f	3	0	1	2	0	0
Twombly, l f	0	0	0	1	0	0
Ganzalees, c	4	0	0	7	0	0
Berghammer, s s	4	0	1	2	3	1
Graham, 1-b	4	1	2	7	0	1
Douglas, p	3	0	1	0	2	0
• Holden	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	33	3	7	24	7	3

BOSTON:	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Moran, r f	3	0	1	3	0	0
Evers, 2-	3	0	0	0	4	0
Connolly, l f	4	0	1	1	0	0
Whitted, c f	3	0	0	3	0	0
Schmidt, 1-b	4	1	1	13	1	0
Smith, 3-b	4	2	2	1	1	0
Maranville, s s	3	1	1	2	6	1
Gowdy, c	3	0	0	4	1	0
James, p	3	0	1	0	3	0
Totals	30	4	7	27	16	1

•—Batted for Douglass in ninth.
Cincinnati .....001 010 010—3
Boston .....030 100 00x—4

Summary—Two base hit, Killifer, Smith (2); sacrifice hit, Whitted; stolen base, Niehoff, Twombly; double play, Schmidt, Maranville and Schmidt; left on bases, Cincinnati 3, Boston 4; first base on balls, off Douglas 1, James 3; first base on errors, Cincinnati 1, Boston 1; struck out by Douglass 5, by James 4.

Time 1:40. Umpires Eason and Quigley.

CATCHER WINGO'S ERROR GAVE GIANTS VICTORY.

New York, Sept. 25—New York broke its losing streak today by defeating St. Louis 3 to 1 in the last game of the series. The victory was a gift by Catcher Wingo. With the score a tie in the eighth, New York filled the bases. Griner struck out Merkle, but Wingo dropped the third strike. Wingo then threw wild to Griner, who covered the p te and Fletcher and Snodgrass scored.

St. Louis .....000 001 000—1 8 1
New York .....001 000 02x—3 7 1

Griner and Wingo; Fromme and Meyers.

CRAVATH'S HOMER IN 10TH GAVE PHILLIES THE GAME.

Philadelphia, Sept. 25.—Cravath's home run in the tenth gave Philadelphia a victory over Chicago here today 3 to 2. Chicago tied the score in the ninth.

Chicago .....010 000 0010—2 8 2
Philadelphia .....000 100 0101—3 11 1

Lavender, Pierce and Archer; Baumgartner and Burns.

BROOKLYN'S TENTH WIN PIRATES' ELEVENTH LOSS.

Brooklyn, Sept. 25.—Brooklyn's 10th straight victory by 3 to 2 over Pittsburg here today was the 11th straight defeat for the Pirates. In the ninth a fumble and a bad throw allowed Schmutz, who had doubled, to score the deciding run.

Pittsburg .....100 100 000—2 6 2
Brooklyn .....000 000 021—3 10 1

H. Kelly and Coleman; Reulbach, Schmutz and McCarty.

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

International Association.

At Montreal 14; Buffalo 4.
At Providence 2; Baltimore 0.
At Toronto 4; Rochester 5.
Newark Jersey-City not scheduled.

American Association.

At Indianapolis 5; Columbus 4.
At Louisville 3; Cleveland 9.
At Milwaukee 7; St. Pauls 0.
At Kansas City-Minneapolis game played previously.

FOOTBALL SEASON IS ON IN EAST AND SOUTH

More Than a Dozen Games on for Today

Except Yale, Cornell and Princeton, All Big Varsity Elevens Face Comparatively Weak Opponents in Opening Game.

New York, Sept. 25.—The 1914 eastern football season will be inaugurated tomorrow. All the big varsity elevens will face comparatively weak opponents except Princeton, Cornell and Yale.

At Ithica the powerful University of Pittsburgh team will attempt to repeat the victory which marked the 1913 season when Cornell was defeated 20 to 7. Cornell however, is not in the same weak condition that prevailed early last season.

Princeton is expected to try out her new open play attack on Rutgers. Princeton, after the experience of last season, when Rutgers scored on the Tigers, is not inclined to be overconfident.

A new coaching system will have its first test at Yaule where Frank Hinkey's charges will line up against the University of Maine eleven, which last season held the Eli's to a no score game.

Tomorrow's principal games follow: Rutgers at Princeton; Bates at Harvard; Maine at Yale; Gettysburg at Pennsylvania; Hobart at Syracuse; Pittsburg at Cornell; Norwich at Brown; Bowdoin at Amherst; Massachusetts Aggies at Dartmouth; Fordham at Georgetown; Delaware at Lafayette; Washington at Pennsylvania State; Rennslaer at Williams; Ohio Wesleyan at Colgate.

No Big Games in South.

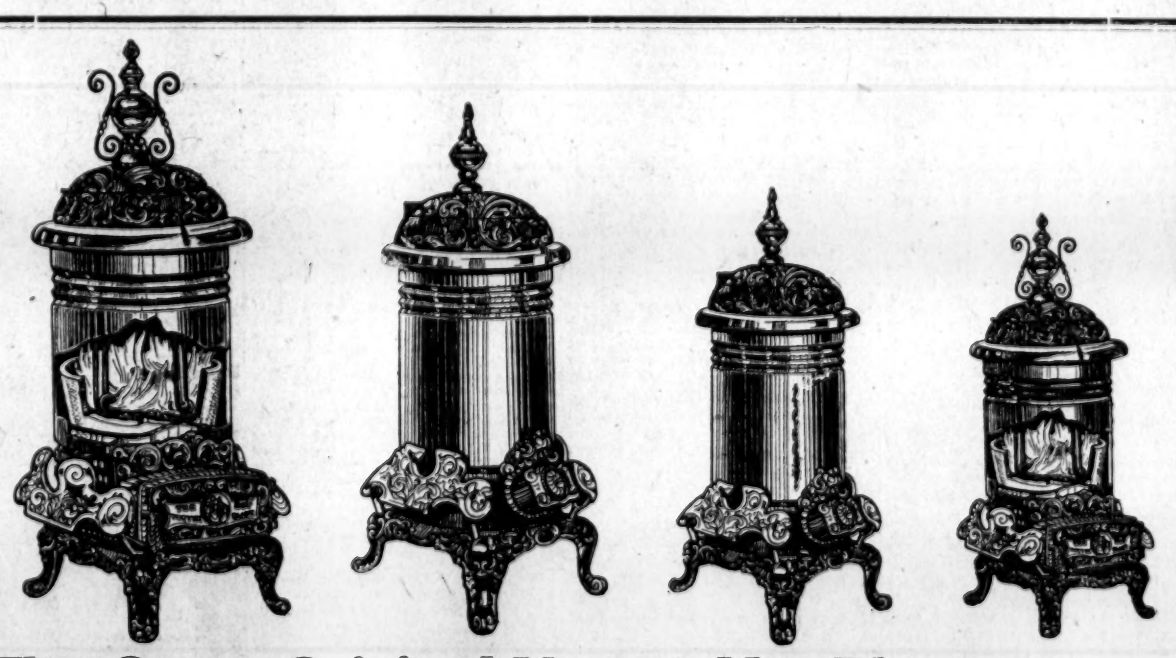
Atlanta, Sept. 25.—The first game of the 1914 college football season in the south will be played tomorrow. No contest of major importance is scheduled. However the games are generally intended to indicate the strength and weakness of the various gridiron machines with a view of aiding the coaches to perfect the teams for later and more important struggles.

Practically all the southern teams have had two weeks of practice. Reports indicate, however, that most of the elevens have lost many of their veterans and it is exptected that straight football will predominate in tomorrow's clashes. More intericate play will be perfected by the coaches as the season advances.

Tomorrow's scheduled games include: Vanderbilt vs Cumberland at Nashville; Georgia vs Dahlon at Athens; Tennessee vs Carson and Newman at Knoxville; North Carolina vs Richmond at Chapel Hill; Virginia Military Institute vs Hampton Sydney at Lexington Va. Kentucky State vs Wilmington at Lexington Ky.; Virginia vs Randolph Macon at Charlottesville; Georgetown vs Forham at Washington.

"ONE WEDGE DRIVES ANOTHER."

So continued advertising will surely drive home your argument to the person you are trying to convince.



The Great Original Vortex Hot Blast Heater

A hatful of cheapest Coal costing 1 cent lasts over night in the

Vortex Hot Blast GUARANTEED AIR TIGHT ALWAYS Saves You $16 to $25 in Fuel Every Year

It is a perfect stove for all fuel and requires no change of fixtures for Soft Coal, Hard Coal, Wood or Coke. All sizes and prices. Every "Vortex" sold with an absolute guarantee—all we ask is that directions (which are simple ones) be followed.

N. JACOBI HARDWARE COMPANY

SOLE AGENTS Write for Catalog and Prices

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year; $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months; or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $7.00 per year, $3.50 for six months, $1.75 for three months.

THE SUNDAY STAR by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate and like matter will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 61. Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1914.

Buy a bale of cotton. Don't imagine you have bought a bale.

Virginians will have two years in which to enjoy liberty without feeling the weight of the lid.

The Germans are reported to have taken Szouozwy but they doubtless prefer to take Chop Suey.

Nothing succeeds like success, but laying claims to success is different from having a cinch on it.

Don't buy your bale of 10 cents cotton from a middleman. Buy it from a farmer who is compelled to sell.

It seems that the balance of trade with Europe is still in our favor but it is the small balance of a mighty little trade.

Bushwhackers, guerillas and snipers in warfare always did have to take chances in carrying out their murderous assaults.

Says the New York World: "The South may yet have to cross Mason and Dixon's line to get a drink." Northward the swallows fly.

War is something else besides what Sherman said it was. Beautiful Parisiennes vivaciously insist upon being kissed by General Kitchener.

Pennsylvania Republicans complain that the so-called "Washington party" has affiliated with the Democratic party. That party is acting like Washington would do if he were living.

Northern people who come home from Europe are already pouring into Florida. Where are Wilmington's tourist hotels? Florida is preparing for the greatest season in its history.

No town could have a better investment than a cotton and produce warehouse. Inquiries for storage have been received in Wilmington from the apple growers in Western North Carolina.

Let us think more of the ruin of humanity in Europe than we do of what happens to its art and its architecture. The horrible feature of the war is the sacrifice of hundreds of thousands of human beings.

The ladies of King Cotton's court propose to array themselves in fabrics made of the fleecy staple. Let the mills of the South meet the demand by producing pretty textiles that will be suitable for adorning beauty.

The Associated Press yesterday told about movements in New York and Cincinnati to buy 100,000 bales each at 10 cents. That bears out The Star's contention some time ago, that warehouse certificates would sell up North like hot cakes.

The most effective argument advanced by the opponents of a State-wide legalized primary in the last Legislature was that it would so greatly displease the people in some counties then Democratic that they would turn Republican. Now the Republican platform declares for such a primary.

The Public Laws of 1913 make 496 printed pages, or a volume weighing just two pounds; the Local and Private Laws make 3,346 pages, or volumes weighing ten pounds and five ounces. Isn't that argument enough in favor of the adoption of the constitutional amendment to restrict local and private legislation by the General Assembly?

Says the Chester (Pa.) Republican: "The war ought to help business in this country, and when it does you will hear the Democrats saying it is due to the Underwood-Palmer tariff law." Likewise, it's a cinch that if the war brings protracted disaster, the Republicans will put the blame on the tariff. The worst part of it is that Democrats and Republicans do not know that the tariff, high or low, has less to do with prosperity or depression than the law of supply and demand. We have too much political bias and not enough economic vision.

SECOND ONLY TO THE TAX AMENDMENT.

While the amendment on revenue and taxation is the most important of the ten to be voted on in the general election in November, it is by no means the only one of great importance and of far-reaching effect. The Tax amendment would untie the hands of the Legislature so that it might hereafter act "wisely and justly," as Attorney General Bickett says, That is all that it would do. The adoption of the tax amendment of itself would in no wise change the system of taxation now in vogue. It would simply remove the obsolete, unjust and antiquated barriers that now prohibit the representatives of the people in their law-making body from using their best judgment, even their common sense, in framing revenue and tax legislation compatible with wisdom and justice to all the people.

Assuming, therefore, that the people at the polls in November adopt the all-important Tax amendment, it will then be incumbent upon the General Assembly, its hands having been untied by the people in order that it may act wisely and justly in the matter of taxation, to enact revenue laws that will equalize the burdens of taxation, supply the funds actually needed by the State in decently caring for its charges, taking care of its institutions, administreing the government wisely and justly, and at the same time not increasing the burdens of its citizens, but in many cases relieving them of unjust burdens now borne by them.

So that, if the Tax amendment be adopted, there will follow an even greater need, if possible, for a Legislature capable of acting wisely and justly. But, no matter how wise our legislators may be, they can never exercise their wisdom to the extent of its capacity, nor can they be expected to frame legislation of momentous import to the entire State that will insure full justice to all the people and conserve in every respect the best interests of the Commonwealth, when that other and hardly less imperative element—deliberation—is lacking. Under our present system of legislation, it is impossible for the members of the General Assembly to give to weighty measures affecting the interest of the entire State that deliberation that would insure the enactment of wise and just laws, in matters of revenue and taxation, or anything else.

Under the present system, the time and attention of the members of the Legislature are so completely taken up by private and local legislation that it is impossible for them to give more than a minimum of deliberation to the great matters of State-wide affect. Each member early in the session introduces a batch of "little bills" affecting in many instances but a small portion of his own county, regulating fishing in a certain creek, preventing the throwing of sawdust in a certain stream, changing the boundary line of a township or school district, authorizing a township bond issue for a school building, moving a stock law fence, and so forth ad infinitum. From then until the last day of the session, which is usually prolonged, the members are chasing after committees and watching those "little bills," with other batches introduced from time to time during the session, as word comes from "back home." It is almost impossible to get the majority of the members at anyone time to settle down and give undivided attention and due deliberation to weighty matters of State. These usually are crowded by the smaller matters to the last dying days of the session, and then rushed through in "half baked" condition or the measures are killed outright, regardless of their merit, because the members can not find time to thoroughly examine them and consider all their phases so as to act upon them with intelligence. Thus the State suffers, both from failure of the General Assembly to pass meritorious measures and from lack of thorough thought being given those bills that are enacted into law, while, as Attorney General Bickett suggests, the people spend more money during each session going to Raleigh about purely local matters than the General Assembly costs the State.

The Third amendment would restrict the enactment of local and private laws by the Legislature and provide that general laws be made regulating all these minor matters, which now constitute seven-eighths of the work of the General Assembly, take up seven-eighths of its time and entail the same proportion of the total expenses of a session. Under the amendment, the Legislature would enact general laws applying to the entire State, in accordance with which the county commissioners or some other elective and competent body, thoroughly conversant with conditions and sentiment at home, could deal with all these minor local matters, thus giving the Legislature time to serve the State and all its people, to give due deliberation to weighty matters, like revenue and taxation, to concentrate their mind and wisdom on problems affecting all the people, rather than devote seven-eighths of their time and attention to dealing with matters affecting an infinitesimal portion of the people, each member spending sixty days in a mad chase after his own swarm of "little bills" like an excited hen trying to cover her brood scattering in opposite directions.

THE SMALL FARMER'S EMERGENCY

The cotton crisis concerns the small farmer more than it does any other class, although it hits every class and all the business and industrial interests of the South. The small farmer is the one who needs the first help, and doubtless a white farmer who lives near Charleston has effectually disclosed the situation as it applies to himself and others in his class. He states it in this way in a letter to the Charleston Chamber of Commerce:

"I went to the bank yesterday and tried to arrange with them to extend the time of paying that note which I am due to pay October 1st, but they would not consent to extend the time. That leaves me in a critical condition, for cotton is not bringing anything here so that I don't see any possible chance of meeting that note if you turn down my application which you will not do if you can realize what a predicament I am in just now.

"I have been married only eighteen months, trying to buy a place and build on same. Am now completely out of cash and some of the necessaries of life. And the merchants here will not sell groceries only for cash. And my wife is sick and has been for more than a week, and medicine is almost out and I doubt if the doctor will like to furnish medicine on credit under present conditions.

"Please don't disappoint me. I don't think there can be 14,000 poor farmers in more need of your aid than I am. I have all my cotton in the field yet with the exception of what my wife and I could pick. I will have out two bales by the time this reaches you. Still there is a good deal in the field ruining for the want of picking.

"I can give you good hrdiu mfwypk ton, for the bank has only my note with a friend's endorsement. Please take a bale of my cotton at 10 cents and thus help me considerably out of this awful condition."

This presents a peculiarly pathetic case, but doubtless there are large numbers similarly affected by this emergency. They are the ones from whom the buy-a-bale purchasers should get their cotton, if they are actually buying cotton. The Charleston Chamber of Commerce was able to find a purchaser for one bale of that farmer's cotton, but suppose hundreds of that sort of farmers were to need immediate assistance? A cotton warehouse would meet the need in that instance. Writing a warehouse certificate would be equal to filling out a check, so far as getting it cashed is concerned.

A cotton warehouse has greatly relieved the situation at Whiteville, North Carolina, according to The Star's correspondent there. It has not only helped individuals but it has benefited business generally and greatly stimulated the local cotton market. Sales at 5 1-2 cents were reported from Whiteville on Thursday.

The effect of storage on the situation at Whiteville is best told by The Star's Whiteville correspondent, who says: "The cotton situation here is the best it has been for some days. The merchants of the town and community are taking the certificates of the farmers at ten cents a pound as security for debts. Taking everything together there is a healthy tone about the Whiteville cotton market and there will be but little suffering among the planters."

Warehouses would be a powerful aid to the buy-a-bale movement, which, however good in a way, is not so effective as if there were a definite plan to carry it out.

Screven county, Georgia, with its system of warehouses, has furnished a conspicuously ideal demonstration of the advantages of the means of storing cotton for practical relief of an embarrassing situation.

TEN STATE-WIDE STATES.

Virginia, which voted for State-wide prohibition last Tuesday, makes ten States which now prohibit the manufacture and sale of intoxicants. Those States are North Carolina, Maine, Kansas, Georgia, Mississippi, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Tennessee, West Virginia and Virginia. With the exception of a few county dispensaries in South Carolina, that is a prohibition State. Alabama is largely a prohibition State. Under local option laws, there are many "dry" towns in the North, South and West.

Some statistician has now figured it out that of the 91,000,000 population in continental United States, 16,500,000 reside in prohibition territory. That territory is subject to State-wide prohibition laws. Regarding that fact as noteworthy, the New York World makes this editorial observation:

"While sentiment hostile to the liquor traffic has been politcally effective mainly in the South, it exists powerfully in many Northern States. At the South prohibition has religious and racial inspiration, and in some cases has been carried by the whites solely for the purpose of depriving negroes of strong drink. At the North it is urged now chiefly in resentment against the dominance and corruption of saloons in political management. Probably there are more saloons in New York or Chicago than ever existed in half a dozen Southern States. The influence that they have exerted in public affairs in all large Northern cities has been and still is prodigious. If the movement should gain further headway in this section, it will be directed as sharply against the brewery-financed saloon in politics as against the beverages which it dispenses."

The reason why saloons have been voted out in the South is a moral and not a racial one. Liquor is outlawed, whether it is absolutely prohibited or not. It has no standing in North Carolina as legalized traffic, and the longer that condition prevails the stronger grows the sentiment among the people of the State without regard to party.

THE COAST LINE'S EXHIBIT CAR.

While the country is suffering from the real and psychological effects of the war in Europe, the Atlantic Coast Line goes ahead with its plans to advertise the agricultural resources of the "Nation's Garden Spot." The exhibit car, containing a display of Southern products, is energetically pursuing its itinerary up North and in the Middle West.

Wherever the car stops it is an object of great interest, and such a practical exhibit of the productive possibilities of the South Atlantic region is bound to have effective results. Recently the car stopped over at Easton, Pa., and remained through the holding of the Nazareth Fair, which was attended by thousands of people. The Easton Daily Free Press made this reference to the exhibit:

"Another of the interesting exhibits of an educational nature in that of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad, which is conducting a campaign of publicity throughout the North. Messrs. Cardwell and Cohen, the former of the colonization department, and the latter of the passenger department, are in charge of the display, which consists of fruits, vegetables, grains and other commercial articles of the South all the way from Virginia to Florida. They have received many inquiries from interested parties and it would not be surprising if there were a number of people from this county who will be lured by the riches of the Southern agricultural fields. The exhibit is one of the most interesting and instructive on the fair grounds and is well worth visiting."

The continued and persistent efforts of the Atlantic Coast Line to attract homeseekers to this section is bound to get them sooner or later. In fact, this work already is attracting thousands of newcomers to the South. North Carolina is getting some of them, but, as The Star has often urged, more co-operation by communities with the railroad people, would increase the chances of this choice region for getting a larger share of the most desirable class of settlers that it is possible to attract.

A DAY DEVOTED TO STATE BOOSTING.

The Jacksonville Metropolis is advocating the plan of celebrating "Florida Day" along the line followed during "California Day" some time ago. The newspapers in California got together on a plan for each newspaper in the State to boost its town and section, and it was carried out with telling success. There was a wholesale boost for every quarter of the State. The editors specialized on the resources, opportunities and advantages of their respective sections, and we cannot imagine a better campaign of education than that.

If all those California boosts were collated and published in a group it would prove to be a vast source of information to Californians themselves, not to mention the effect away from home. Part of the plan was for each community to send away on "California Day" marked copies of their newspaper boosts. The result was that a flood of California papers, each proclaiming the desirability of its section, were broadcasted North, South, East and West. Those papers were sent to every State in the Union and many were sent to Europe and the Orient.

We ought to have a "North Carolina Day." If we should do so, marked copies of each paper could be sent to the Secretary of State for compilation. Anyhow, the State would get a wholesale boost at home and abroad.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The Wilmington Star defines the "Autumn girl" down there as "the made-over Summer girl. Isn't it just barely possible that there may also be some "made-up" about her?—Norfolk Virginian Pilot.

Wilmington wants to know if Florida garden and orchard products are any cheaper in Jacksonville than in Wilmington and we are ashamed to tell her they are not.—Jacksonville Times-Union.

No South Carolina farmer conferes any favor on a cotton mill by selling cotton to it at nine cents a pound. No man is advised by The State to sell his cotton at nine cents or at ten cents, for that matter. The cotton mills are doubtless obtaining all the cotton they require and they are not in need of a guardian. However, cotton that the South Carolina mills do not buy from South Carolina farmers they will buy from the farmers of others cotton States.—Columbia State.

An industrial community not to be surpassed anywhere else in the world is revealed in New York by the Census Bureau report upon gainful occupations. An army corps of carpenters, three corps of salesmen, one of seamstresses, three of domestic servants—in all 2,152,433 persons, or 45.2 per cent. of all—were engaged in wage-earning occupations in 1910. Even in a day that familiarizes us with huge numbers, this army of labor in a single city is most impressive.—New York World.

CHICHESTER S PILLS
THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TERS DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 35 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

THE BADGE OF HONOR
I HAVE BOUGHT A BALE OF COTTON AT 10¢ A POUND
HAVE YOU?
W. R. BARKSDALE
FOR
CAPE FEAR OIL CO.

COULD NOT STAND ON FEET
Mrs. Baker So Weak—Could Not Do Her Work—Found Relief In Novel Way.

Adrian, Mich. — "I suffered terribly with female weakness and backache and got so weak that I could hardly do my work. When I washed my dishes I had to sit down and when I would sweep the floor I would get so weak that I would have to get a drink every few minutes, and before I did my dusting I would have to lie down. I got so poorly that my folks thought I was going into consumption. One day I found a piece of paper blowing around the yard and I picked it up and read it. It said 'Saved from the Grave,' and told what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for women. I showed it to my husband and he said, 'Why don't you try it?' So I did, and after I had taken two bottles I felt better and I said to my husband, 'I don't need any more,' and he said 'You had better take it a little longer anyway.' So I took it for three months and got well and strong." — Mrs. ALONZO E. BAKER, 9 Tecumseh St., Adrian, Mich.

Not Well Enough to Work.

In these words is hidden the tragedy of many a woman, housekeeper or wage earner who supports herself and is often helping to support a family, on meagre wages. Whether in house, office, factory, shop, store or kitchen, woman should remember that there is one tried and true remedy for the ills to which all women are prone, and that is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It promotes that vigor which makes work easy. The Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Oysters! Oysters!!
Oysters! Oysters!!
ARE HERE—ALWAYS FIRST AT
EVERGLADE CAFE
—113 Princess Street—
RUN BY AMERICANS.
Extra help added to our force, guaranteeing quicker and better service. Special Menus for Breakfast, Dinner and Supper. Everything in Season.
Open Day and Night
SHEPARD BROS., Proprietors.
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GEO. W. HUGGINS
JEWELER
105 MARKET STREET
A visit to our Show Windows will give you an idea of a few of the new and many gifts we have to offer.
Take one look, and make your "Gift Buying" a pleasure for ever afterwards.

WILSON — The greatest man in the United States.
WILSON — The greatest heaters in the WORLD.

For Sale Only by
CAPE FEAR HARDWARE CO.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

DAVID'S

Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

HERE'S one of our many good styles for fall. You are young men who are after a little added "snap" in your clothes. be sure to see this clever model from
Hart Schaffner & Marx
A three button sack with a soft front and wide rolling lapels; the coat hugs the figure; trousers are straight and "kick up" just right at the heel—you young fellows will know what that means—you don't find many makers either who get this feature just right.
There are a lot of other little points like this that have been covered. Best way is to see the clothes. From $18.00 up.
THE A. DAVID COMPANY
Merchant Tailors, Clothiers and Haberdashers.

350 School Suits ½ Off Regular Price.
A School Days' Sale For School Boys
350 School Suits ½ Off Regular Price.
Once Again, on Next Monday, the School Bells will send forth their peals of welcome to the scholars, and the little folks will be marching off to school. We have placed on sale
350 SCHOOL SUITS IN PLAIN, DOUBLE BREASTED, WITH KNICKERBOCKER PANTS.
Ages, from 7 Years to 18 Years; ranging in price from $2.50 to $8.50 a suit.
THESE SUITS WILL BE CLOSED OUT AT
1-2 OFF
Their Regular Price. Every Suit is well tailored and Made of Good Material. Don't let this Great Sacrifice in Boys' School Suits pass by—it means a saving to you, and a suit for the boy which is for less than the material would cost.
J. M. SOLKY & CO.
'PHONE 617. NO. 9 NORTH FRONT ST.

ON THE WAY
and you'll be glad to hurry, if your teeth have been paining you. They may need attention, if they don't hurt just now, so you'd better have us exam ine them. You can't find a better place.
REST ASSURED
that our work in every detail and the price will be perfectly satisfactory. Our dental work looks well and wears well, too.
Crown and Bridge Work a Specialty.
Painless Extraction of Teeth.
DR. CULBRETH'S Dental Parlors
'PHONE 608. FRONT AND PRINCESS STS.

STORAGE WAREHOUSES
If your town is building a Storage Warehouse, remember, you can get the Plates, Star Washers, Truss Rods, and All the Iron Required, at the Right Prices, from
Wilmington Iron Works
"THE IRON MEN."

Go to Church on Sunday
But Don't Disturb the Congregation by Coughing! Use A. D. S. White Pine and Tar Mentholated Cough Syrup—Twenty-Five Cents a Bottle.
New stock Flower Seed just received—Hyacinths, Narcissus, Tulip and other imported bulbs expected in a few days.
1880 Hardin's Pharmacy 1914
TIME-SAVING OUR SPECIALTY.
'PHONE 55. 126 SO. FRONT ST.

AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY WILL BUY

Announces Plan to Aid in the Cotton Situation

Big Corporation Will Purchase Pound of Cotton For Every Pound of Tobacco Sold in South.

Further evidence that the largest corporations of the country are rallying to the aid of the South in the present crisis occasioned by the difficulty of financing the cotton crop because of the war abroad is contained in circular letters received by wholesale dealers here from the American Tobacco Company, stating that for every ton of tobacco purchased by the wholesale dealers of the South this season, the company will purchase a ton of cotton at 10 cents a pound.

These circular letters have been sent out the American Tobacco Company to the wholesale dealers all over the South. The purchases of cotton will be made through the wholesale dealers and stored by them, the storage certificates being forwarded to the American Tobacco Company.

The letters state that the company will keep a record of all tobacco sold, that on November 10th the totals of each wholesale dealer will be figured, and the first purchases made. Another record will be kept until December 10th, when the second purchase will be made. Each dealer will be authorized to purchase for the American Tobacco Company an amount of cotton equal in weight to the amount of tobacco he has purchased from the company.

This plan is in line with the "buy a bale" movement, and it will provide a 10 cent market for hundreds of bales of cotton throughout the Southern States.

The "buy a bale" movement contiues to spread and grow, and each day brings reports of further purchases by corporations or individuals. Many who are keeping in touch with the movement declare that it will result in the purchase of at least 500,000 bales at 10 cents a pound.

President Harrison Joins.

President Fairfax Harrison, of the Southern Railroad, has joined the movement by purchasing a bale of cotton at 10 cents a pound in each cotton producing State traversed by the Southern, and has also addressed a circular letter to the principal officers of the road and its allied lines, suggesting that they lend the movement their personal support. President Harrison's letter is as follows:

"I commend to your personal consideration the buy-a-bale-cotton movement now active throughout the South. While this is a movement of sentiment, it is wholesome sentiment as expressing a determination of the Southern people to help themselves in a time of emergency rather than depend on help from outside or from the government, federal or State. If this movement results in marketing 500,000 bales at 10 cents a pound, as is believed to be possible, it will have a profound effect in encouraging the small farmers and those who give them credit to hold for a stable price.

"All of us derive our livelihood and that of our families in some measure from cotton, and so, apart from any interest of the company, every one of us has a personal interest in the cotton market.

"I have myself bought a bale of cotton in each of the cotton producing States. If you feel that you can afford it, I recommend that you buy at least one bale for personal account and induce as many as possible of your friends to do likewise. It will be a safe investment of the money and a patriotic act in a vital emegency."

Insurance Company Too.

Other recent recruits to the buy a bale movement are the officers, field men and agents of the Southern Life & Trust Company, of Greensboro, N. C., President A. W. McAllister has addressed a circular letter to all the agents, stating that the home office would buy 20 bales at 10 cents a pound, through the local agents, the cotton to be bought from the company's policy holders, and suggesting that all agents who can do so join the movement personally.

Another corporation that is planning to all in the cotton situation is the Allen Manufacturing Company, of Nashville, Tenn., manufacturers of Stoves and ranges, which has informed its agents throughout the South that it will take 10,00 bales of cotton in exchange for its products.

GREENSBORO COLLEGE FOR THE WOMEN

Mr. Wm. E. Springer, of This City, Named as One of Trustees.

In a letter yesterday from Mr. Chas. H. Ireland, secretary, Mr. Wm. E. Springer, of this city, was notified of his unanimous election as a member of the Board of Trustees of the Greensboro College for Women to fill the unexpired term of Mr. J. P. Redding, whose term would have expired December 1915. In speaking of the college and its outlook, Mr. Ireland writes:

"It gives me very great pleasure to announce this to you, and to extend to you the right hand of fellowship, and welcome you amongst out number. I think any man is honored by a position on this board of trustees, as the growth of the college has been so wonderful. It is the second oldest institution in the South that was chartered for the education of women, and its long and honored career, and its successful condition at this time renders a position on the board of trustees one which, as stated above, any man would feel honored to fill.

"I hope you will give this work such attention as it may require from time to time, and lend us your aid in making this college one of the greatest institutions in the South. The student body this year is the largest in the history of the institution. They have 230 enrolled students at this time, and the field of opportunity is widening all the time.

"It gives me very great pleasure to extend to you this notice, and also my hearty congratulations and best wishes."

Business Offered for Sale.

Mr. L. M. Bunting, administrator of the estate of the late Martin Newman, offers for sale as an entirety the stock of goods at No. 14 Market street, formerly conducted by Mr. Newman. Advertisement to this effect appears elsewhere in today's paper.

COTTON AND FERTILIZERS

Approach of October First Adds Interest to Movement—Fertilizer Companies and Their Attitude.

The approach of October 1st, and the maturing of many obligations throughout the cotton belt, is adding interest to the general situation in which the South has found itself upon the outbreak of the European war, and the "condition of the country" is not infrequent topic of conversation wherever business men are gathered.

The very close relation which the fertilizer industry bears to the production of cotton has made the situation of more than ordinary interest in Wilmington, which is possibly the largest fertilizer manufacturing center in the Carolinas. The extent to which the manufacturers would be able to assist in the movement to "save the farmer" recently prompted Commissioner of Agriculture Graham, at Raleigh, to address a letter to the leading manufacturers and dealers in the State, inquiring if they would not consider the matter of allowing settlement for fertilizers this fall to be made in cotton at 10 cents per pound, the cotton to be delivered at a warehouse and the receipt to be transferred to the fertilizer manufacturer. Commissioner Graham adverted to the likelihood of a very heavy wheat crop in the State this fall if the fertilizer could be secured on any sort of equitable basis. Commissioner Graham has received reply from the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co., and the F. S. Royster Guano Co., and their reply is expected to be along the lines of other companies. They say, in effect, that it will be absolutely utterly impossible to think of taking cotton at 10 cents a pound in payment for their fertilizers and write at length in explanation. The V.-C. Company writes:

"Now, frankly the profits on fertilizers sold by us last year, if 99 per cent of the total amount sold on credit is collected, will net us less than 80 cents per ton, though we did, in the whole of our business more than a million tons. Suppose we take cotton at 10 cents a pound, which is $50.00 a bale, and we had to market this cotton at 8 cents a pound, which is $40,00 a bale, it would give us a loss, as you can readily see, of $10,00 per bale. Now the average price of fertilizers, all classes, delivered, is $20,00; two tons of fertilizers would be equivalent to $40,00, which would be the amount we could realize on the sale of a bale of cotton at 8 cents. So to collect this two tons of fertilizers, amounting to $40.00 it would cost us $5.00 per ton. If we did nall of our business along this line, on the amount of goods we sold last years, the company would make a loss of $5,000,000,00, on the business, as against a net profit on the sales of only $800,000.00. It would show us a clear net loss or more than $4,000,000.00 on the year's trade. Now, no one realizes better than yourself that no company could stand this, and no one realizes better than yourself that no fertilizer company can afford to take $5.00 per ton less for fertilizers than last spring.

Its Warehouse Plan.

"Now, it is our desire and purpose to do everything we can to aid the farmer and the merchant in this crsis. To this end we are asking our debtors to pay us some money. We must have some money to pay our labor and to run our plants. We are saying to them that if they will pay us a reasonable amount of money, (all they can,) we will then take cotton as collateral to the balance of their debt, and store it for them and allow them to dispose of it at any reasonable time they may wish. To encourage this idea, we are now constructing places to store cotton at a great many points all through the Southern States where our customers can put their cotton and hold it for a reasonable time. We are giving warehouse receipts, endorsed by our company, and having the cotton insured. We are doing all that is possible for us to do in this emergency, and are giving all the aid we can. Under certain conditions we are advancing some money to enable the merchants to help the farmers to gather his cotton. You can depend upon it that anything we can do that is reasonable and fair in the matter, we will do, extending credit and helping in every possible way; but we cannot, (as I hope I have made clear to you herein,) accede to the suggestion contained in your letter, and I believe that after considering the matter from both sides, you will agree with me that it will be extremely unwise for us to do so. We want to be able to furnish fertilizers to our trade again and we do not want to see any disaster happen to our customers nor to ourselves."

Farmers Are Holding.

In the meantime, there is increasing evidence that the farmers are determined to hold their cotton and are doing so; that where it is necessary, they are arranging to get money on their cotton and paying their pressing obligations. Several interior markets are reporting sales above nine cents, though few sales are being made. Port receipts have begun to increase to some extent, but even these receipts, do not indicate that the farmers are selling, but rather consigning to the ports for storage and borrowing money on a basis of seven cents per pound with privilege of closing out later when prices are more satisfactory, which they believe will be the case if the holding movement continues. It was freely stated yesterday that not a small percentage of the cotton now coming to the Wilmington market is upon an arrangement with at least one of the exporters here to take the cotton on a basis of seven cents, advance money on the same at 6 per cent. interest and a small storage charge, the seller having the option of selling later when the price is more remunerative.

INTEREST IN SERVICE.

Six Conversions at Seagate Church Last Evening.

Interest continues to grow in the revival services being conducted at Seagate Baptist church by Rev. O. N. Marshall, the pastor. Mr. Marshall preached a strong and impressive sermon at the services last evening, and there were six conversions, all grown young men. The attendance was good despite the inclement weather.

The services this evening will begin at 8 o'clock. There will be two services tomorrow, one at 11 A. M. and the other at 8 P. M. A cordial invitation is extended to all those in the neighborhood to attend.

FOR HEAT DEPRESSION

Take Horsford's Acid Phosphate

You will find it a prompt relief — a cooling, refreshing, delicious beverage.

(advertisement.)

COOL WEATHER AFTER GALE

Northeast Storm Disturbance Along Coast Marked by Unusually Heavy Rains.

The northeast storm, warnings of which were issued by the Weather Bureau at Washington on Thursday night at 10 o'clock, ordering the display of signals all the way from Cape Hatteras to Jacksonville, Fla., manifested itself in Wilmington yesterday morning about 4 o'clock with one of the heaviest rainfalls of the season, continuing almost uninterruptedly until early yesterday afternoon, with indications of clearing weather this morning and lower temperatures.

The wind during the early hours of the morning reached a velocity of 41 miles an hour, but was not especially severe, though off the coast the weather must have been quite stormy. The rainfall for the period was one of the heaviest of the season, a total of 2.09 inches having been recorded officially for the 24 hours ending at 8 o'clock last night. The storm was followed by a considerably lower temperature and overcoats and wraps were not uncomfortable on the street.

So far as could be learned, there was no damage by the storm, but streets and roads were washed quite badly in places. The precipitation for the day brought the total rainfall for the month up to 5.39 inches.

And the weather conditions in Wilmington appear to have been general all over the district. Charlotte reported exactly the same rainfall up to yesterday morning as did Wilmington, while Goldsboro had a precipitation of 1.82; Lumberton 1.03, and other reporting stations in the district a little less than an inch up to 8 o'clock yesterday morning. The stations reporting in the Charleston, Savannah, Mobile, Atlanta, Montgomery and August districts, all reported very heavy falls, notable 3.76; Americus 2.60; Bainbridge 2.90 and other points in the Savannah district about the same.

The disturbance which was in the Gulf Thursday moved to the South Atlantic coast with varying degrees of intensity. Rains fell from the East Gulf coast northeastward. Cooler weather has spread to the Gulf and Atlantic coasts and moderate temperatures continue in the interior and north.

SENTENCED FOR CONTEMPT.

Negro Who Tried to Choke Deputy Recorder Goes to Roads.

John Bowden, an aged colored man, who created a disturbance in the Recorder's Court several mornings ago while on trial for an assault on his wife, when he attempted to use Deputy Recorder Harriss as a subject to demonstrate just how he had choked his wife, and who, when restrained, displayed a marvelous knowledge of lurid language, was sentenced by Deputy Recorder Harriss yesterday morning to serve three months on the county roads for assaulting his wife, and 15 days in jail for contempt of court. Sentence, however, was left open for two days pending further investigation into the old man's sanity.

Thece Thomas, a small colored boy, ed to three months on the county roads for emptying his pistol at another negro, for the avowed object of "making him step lively." Dunham took an appeal to Superior court and arranged bond.

Theo. Thomas, a small colored boy, was found guilty of an assault with a deadly weapon, having cut another small colored boy with a knife. He was sentenced to a term of 30 days in jail, with the privilege to the County Commissioners to hire him out. The boy was hired out to Rev. Father C. Dennen.

Will Offord, colored, was charged with an assault on a female. The case was continued until today. A nol pros was taken in a case charging John Jones, colored, with violating a city ordinance, and also in a case charging him with operating an unlicensed cart. The cases were nol prossed because of the defendant's youth and inexperience.

Judgment was suspended on payment of the costs on Joe Hines, colored, charged with removing sand from the streets. A nol pros with leave was taken in a case charging him with violating a city ordinance.

Mr. J. Irving Bear plead guilty to a charge of speeding and judgment was suspended on payment of the costs. A case against Mr. T. A. Green, charged with obstructing a street, was left open.

LAND IN DISPUTE.

Judge Allen Issues Restraining Order in Case From Brunswick.

Judge Oliver H. Allen, at Chambers yesterday, signed an order temporarily restraining the Wilmington Lumber Company and Alexander Boone, from entering upon and cutting timber on a certain tract of land in Northwest township, Brunswick county, the title to which is claimed by J. T. West and wife, who have started suit against the defendants named above in the Brunswick county Superior Court.

The order signed yesterday cites the defendants to appear before Judge Allen at Burgaw October 2nd and show cause, if any, why the order should not be continued until the final disposition of the case.

The plaintiffs claim title to the land in qestion, and allege that the defendants have already entered upon and cut timber thereon, after they had been forbidden to do so by Mr. West. The plaintiffs are represented by Robert Ruark, Esq.

DEPOSITIONS DISPOSED OF.

Admiralty Case Will be Resumed at Newbern in October.

The reading of depositions in the case of the Merchants & Miners' Transportation Company against the British Steamship Alcazar, which has occupied Federal court here for the past two weeks, was completed yesterday afternoon, and the case was adjourned until the second week of the October term of Federal court at Newbern, when it will be taken up again for the introduction of further evidence, and the arguments of counsel.

Judge Henry Groves Connor, of Wilson, left for his home last evening. The next term of Federal court here will be in November.

Revenue Will Run Same.

With corporation excess, railroads, etc., yet to hear from, Capt. Thos. D. Meares, City Clerk and Treasurer, estimates that the city's revenue from taxables, exclusive of license taxes, will be practically the same this year as last, approximately $290,000. The city tax books will be completed as soon as the corporation excess, railroads, etc., is received from the State Corporation Commission.

PLAINTIFF IS AWARDED $5,000

Jury Returned Verdict in Witte Case Yesterday Afternoon—Court Ends Today.

A verdict in favor of the plaintiff for $5,000 was returned by the jury yesterday afternoon in the case of Sarah C. Witte, administratrix, against the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company, in which the plaintiff was suing for $50,000 alleged damages for the death of her father. The case has occupied Superior Court for the past several days. The present term of court will come to an end this afternoon. The motion docket will be taken up this morning.

This is the second time the Witte case has been tried in Superior Court here. It was heard last spring, and resulted in a mistrial. The suit was brought as the result of the death of Mr. Geo. C. Witte, a well known fruit merchant of the city, who was killed April 15th, 1913, on the yards of the Atlantic Coast Line, when he was struck by a runaway team belonging to Schloss, Bear, Davis & Co., Inc. It was alleged that the team became frightened at an A. C. L. engine. Schloss, Bear & Davis Co., Inc., are party defendants in the suit, but the case as to this defendant was continued this time on account of the illness of Mr. Davis, surviving member of the firm.

The plaintiff was represented by ex-Judge E. K. Bryan, while Davis & Davis appeared for the Coast Line. The concluding arguments were made yesterday morning, and the case went to the jury at 1 o'clock. The jurors took dinner before deliberating on the case, and their verdict was returned at 3:15.

Several other cases were disposed of yesterday. The case of D. M. Smith against the Worth Company, involving about $170, was taken up, but was not submitted to the jury, a compromise having been agreed upon.

Judgment for $50 was signed in the case of I. J. Sternberger against the National Cash Register Company. Final decree was entered in the case of V. Sidbury against J. C. Jones and others, confirming the report of the commissioner.

MR. E. M. SANCHEZ HERE.

Member of Foster & Reynolds Co., Visited City Yesterday.

Mr. Eugene M. Sanchez, vice president of the Foster & Reynolds Advertising Company, famed for its "Ask Mr. Foster" travel information service, was a visitor in the city yesterday, coming here at the invitation of the Chamber of Commerce with a view of looking over the possibilities of Wilmington as a location for a branch office of the company.

The Chamber of Commerce some time ago extended to Mr. Foster an invitation to send a representative here with a view to looking over Wilmington with the idea of establishing a branch office in the city, and Mr. Sanchez's visit yesterday was a result of the invitation.

Mr. Sanchez, while very much impressed with Wilmington, and its nearby resorts, hardly thinks its tourist travel just at this time is sufficiently established to warrant the company locating an office here. He intimated, however, that the company might send a representative to the city next summer, during the beach season, to look over possibilities at that time.

WILL PLAY BURGAW.

Local Team to Cross Bats With Penderites at Hilton Today.

An interesting baseball game at Hilton Park is promised for this afternoon, weather permitting, when a picked team from the various city organizations will cross bats with the team from Burgaw, which latter nine claims the championship of Pender and Columbus counties. While the visitors will have the advantage over the local boys, in that the latter have not practiced together but a few times, the Wilmington lads feel confident that they will be able to make the contest more than interesting for the nine from Burgaw. Register and Bell will form the batteries for the local team.

The game will be called at 3 o'clock sharp. No admission will be charged, and a cordial invitation is extended the public to attend.

Death of Little Daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Frank Staniand, of Seagate, will have the tender sympathy of many friends in the death of their little daughter, Mary Ruth Staniand, aged four months, which occurred at the family home yesterday morning at 8 o'clock, after a brief illness. The funeral services will be held from the home this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, conducted by Rev. O. N. Marshall, pastor of the Seagate Baptist church. Interment will be in Bellevue cemetery.

Rumor Was Unfounded.

President Kenly, of the Atlantic Coast Line, is quoted as denying a rumor that a $40,000 pay roll cut has been ordered for Wilmington and that no specific reductions either in money or men has been ordered. Heads of departmnts have merey been asked to relieve their forces of such employes as are not needed to the successful conduct of business in view of the depression in general traffic.

STOMACH OUT OF FIX?

If you suffer with dyspepsia or indigestion, telephone your grocer to send you one dozen pints SHIVAR GINGER ALE. Drink one pint with each meal and, if not relieved, your grocer is authorized to charge it to the manufacturer.

SHIVAR GINGER ALE

TONIC - DIGESTIVE - DELICIOUS

Is prepared with the celebrated Shivar Mineral Water. Sold under a positive guarantee to relieve any case of dyspepsia or indigestion, or your money refunded.

Bottled by SHIVAR SPRING, SHELTON, S. C.

If your grocer has none in stock, tell him to telephone

E. L. MATHEWS CANDY CO.

Distributors for Wilmington.

October 1st and 2nd

Our Next Regular Interest Quarter

Begins on these datees, and all deposits made with us on or before October 2nd will receive a Full Quarter's Interest on January 1st.

MAKE UP YOUR MIND

That you will open a Savings Account with this bank today, and that you will Save a Part of Your Earnings Each Week or Month. $1.00 will start you on the road to success. Try it. 4% Interest compounded Quarterly, paid on account.

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

Corner Front and Princess Streets.

REPORT TO THE CORPORATION COMMISSION OF THE CONDITION OF

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

At the Close of Business on the 12th day of September, 1914.

RESOURCES:

LOANS AND DISCOUNTS, OTHER THAN DEMAND LOANS	$1,768,589.85
NORTH CAROLINA STATE BONDS	5,500.00
ALL OTHER STOCKS, BONDS AND MORTGAGES	11,478.50
BANKING HOUSE	50,000.00
ALL OTHER REAL ESTATE OWNED	2,400.00
DEMAND LOANS	150,355.86
CASH (ON HAND AND IN BANKS)	332,641.18
INVESTED TRUST FUNDS	94,800.00
TOTAL	$2,415,545.39

LIABILITIES:

CAPITAL	$ 100,000.00
SURPLUS	200,000.00
UNDIVIDED PROFITS, LESS CURRENT EXPENSES & TAXES	55,957.05
DIVIDENDS UNPAID	100.00
DEPOSITS	2,054,488.34
BUILDING RESERVE	5,000.00
TOTAL	$2,415,545.39

I, Jno. L. Williams, Cashier of the Wilmington Savings & Trust Company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JNO. LEWIS WILLIAMS, Cashier.

State of North Carolina, County of New Hanover:

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 16th day of September, A. D. 1914.

C. S. GRAINGER, Notary.

Correct—Attest:

N. B. RANKIN,
J. V. GRAINGER,
R. H. NORTHROP,
Directors.

200 bbls. Fish
2000 bush. Rust Proof Oats
1000 bush. Burt Oats.
1000 bbls. Molasses
3000 bbls. Flour
4000 kegs Nails.
2000 bush. Peanuts.

All other goods usually kept in a wholesale grocery store. Send for prices; will sell cheap.

D. L. Gore Co.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING TO THE MEN OF WILMINGTON AND VICINITY AN EXCLUSIVE SHOWING OF

Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes

SUITS AND OVERCOATS FOR FALL AND WINTER

—More distinctive styles than ever
—More extended range of choice than ever
—In a word, Best Men's Clothes Values Ever

Your prompt inspection is required

FLEET-DAVIS CO.

'Phone 673. Next to the Bijou

Wheat Advancing

Send your order for—
—Piedmont
—Carnation
—Supreme
—Argo, and
—Breakfast Bell
—FLOUR—

Will Invoice on Today's Market.

LOVE & WOODY

Wholesale Grocers.

112 North Water Street.

Phone 809.

Men's, Ladies' and Children's

WHITE TENNIS SHOES

CARL F. STRUNCK & CO.

'PHONE 800-J. 128-130 SO. FRONT ST.

RENT LIST

October 1st

Wilder & Metts, Agts.

301	So. 2nd St., 8 rooms	$35.00
404	No. Front St., 7 rooms	27.50
560	Dock St., 5 rooms	32.50
112	Walnut St., 7 rooms	25.00
116	Walnut St., 7 rooms	25.00
111	No. 8th St., 6 rooms	22.50
307	No. 4th St., 6 rooms	22.00
912	Princess St., 7 rooms	20.00
217	So. 2nd St., 5 rooms	15.00
108	No. 10th St., 5 rooms	12.50
210	Wright St., 4 rooms	10.00
609	Castle St., 4 rooms	8.00

Also several nice 4-room Apartments, at 9th and Orange.

THE STOCK OF DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, CLOTHING AND FIXTURES

Contained in Store No. 14 Market Street, the property of Martin Newman, deceased, will be sold as a whole.

Sealed bids asked for said stock. The same will be opened Tuesday, Sept. 29th. The right to reject any and all bids is reserved.

The store will be open Saturday morning, or any time, for inspection of stock.

L. M. BUNTING, Adm'r,
Estate of Martin Newman.

THE ORTON HOTEL

WILMINGTON, N. C.

AMERICAN PLAN

Noted For It's Excellent Cuisine

Large, Light Sample Rooms. Located in the Centre of the Business District.

C. E. HOOPER, Manager.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Miss Mary Matthews left yesterday for Wilson, to resume her duties as teacher in the rural schools of Wilson county.

* * *

Mrs. C. L. Meister and children returned last evening, after spending a very pleasant summer with friends and relatives at Lanesboro, Pa.

* * *

Rev. J. M. Wells, D. D., pastor of the First Presbyterian church, has returned from his vacation spent with Mrs. Wells and children at Staunton, Va., and he will preach at the regular services at the First Church tomorrow as usual.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Weathers leave this morning for Lenoir, where they will spend 10 days with relatives. On their return they will be accompanied by their daughters, Misses Helen and Margaret, who have been spending the past month at Lenoir.

* * *

MEMBER OF STAR STAFF TO WED IN MISSISSIPPI.

Of interest to a host of friends in Wilmington, Southport and the surrounding section will be the following announcement from the Memphis, Tenn., Commercial Appeal, of September 23rd:

"Vaiden, Miss., Sept. 22.—Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Armstrong announce the engagement and approaching marriage of their daughter, Annie Juanita, to James Blanding Haman, of Wilmington, N. C., the wedding to take place early in October, at their home. No cards."

Mr. Haman, who is telegraph editor of The Morning Star, has been spending the past month with his relatives at his boyhood home at Vaiden, Miss., and the approaching marriage is the culmination of a pretty romance that had its inception during the school days of the bride and groom-to-be.

While not coming altogether as a surprise to his fellow members of the staff, the above announcement is the first definte confirmation of prophecies made when Mr. Haman left to spend his vacation at his home.

Mr. Haman is a bright and capable young newspaper man, and has done splendid work on the telegraph desk of The Star for more than a year. He was also for a time editor of the Southport News, and is well known to the residents of the pretty little city at the mouth of the Cape Fear.

His friends are limited only by the circle of his acquaintanceship, and one and all they will join in extending congratulations, and best wishes, as well as in welcoming Mrs. Haman to the city.

The marriage is to take place in the early part of October, and Mr. and Mrs. Haman are expected to arrive in Wilmington on the eighth.

THEATRICAL

No manipulation of lighting effects contrived by man has ever surpassed in romantic effect the mellow beauty of a summer evening illumined by the intermittent, soft glow of the firefly. The charm of such a scene is transferred to the stage with complete fidelity when the number "In the Candle Light" is rendered during the performance of the Al G. Field Minstrels this season.

This rich romantic picture merits the loyal response from any audience in North or South America, as it is distinctive of those countries and is thus redolent of "home." The firefly or "lightning" bug, has a range limited from North America to Argentine and Chile, and it is unknown in the Eastern Hemisphere. The illumination it provides is produced by processes in cells of its body, which are present even in the larva and egg. In fact, both the larva and the eggs from which they are hatched are luminous. In tropical America, the natives screen the fireflies in cages and hang them on verandas, or in windows, as decorations.

"In the Candle Light" is one of the prettiest stage conceits yet offered, and blends splendidly with the mammoth, sumptuous spectacles with which it is associated on the programme for this season. The Al G. Field Minstrels with a company of celebrities and a production marking a zenith in lavish mounting, appear at Academy of Music September 28th. Seats now selling at Woodall & Sheppard.

"The Sins of the Father."

One of the most important offerings for the present dramatic season will be Thomas Dixon's "The Sins of the Father," which will be seen at the Academy of Music September 30th. It is a powerful plea for improving our race and as a vehicle for dramatic thought and action it is powerful in every scene and act. Dixon is without doubt one of the greatest living novelists and dramatists and in this great play he has put forth his strongest and best efforts. "The Clansman," was wonderfully interesting and its success was probably equal to any dramatic offering of modern times, but from a dramatic point of view "The Sins of the Father" is greater and its comedy is delicious. Seats on sale at Woodall & Sheppard's on Monday.

The Dingbat Family Coming.

Like manufacturers, the producers of plays each has his specialty in which he excels and which stamps his production with the birth mark of success. The producers of "The Dingbat Family" have specialized in choruses not alone renowned for their beauty but recognized for their ability to sing and dance. Their best effort will appear in the wonderful chorus of "The Dingbat Family" when it makes its local appearance here at the Academy of Music, matinee and night, Saturday, October 3rd. Special matinee for children, any part of the house, 25 cents.

Big Saturday at Victoria.

This is going to be a great day for every amusement lover who visits the Victoria Theatre, the home of Keith Vaudeville, because that handsome, charming playhouse has on one of the greatest and merriest bills ever set before the eyes of the Wilmington public. It combines every element that is immensely pleasing, and novelty is its long suit. If you haven't seen the act presented by Ray Monde you have missed a treat, but should catch up by beholding it today. Ray Monde is one of the big time celebrities and his act is a marvel. Surprise after surprise greets the audience, who never have known whether the artist is a man or woman, and the doubt is left even after he or she makes his or her final exit. Don't miss this sensation.

Other big time artists on the bill are the Krelles, who are appearing in an elaborate musical novelty, with gorgeous stage settings. They are playing but few dates in the South. Thrills and laughter are both dished up a-steaming in the sketch, "The Gymnast and the Nut", offered by the Two Roeders, while James Dunn and Ruby Dean are swell in a sketch in which Mr. Dunn does some wonderful mimicry and Miss Dean does the famous rose dance from "Carmen." New pictures, two big reels, are also offered.

Five Great Films at Grand.

Sure, yesterday was a dread, dismal day, but those folks who had the pleasure of being on the inside of the Grand Theatre didn't realize it and there were hundreds of them occupying that bright condition, too, knowing full well that the Grand is indeed an oasis on rainy days. It is cheery and comfortable and its shows are big and bright. "Never mind the weather just so the Grand is open" seems to be a maxim with the folks of Wilmington. Today the Grand has a great week-end offering for its army of admirers. It has especially prepared this Saturday's show with skill and the bill will be one of the biggest and greatest ever flashed on a movie screen. Each film today is a feature one and goes to make up an all-star offering, that the people should not miss. In the lead of the procession today will be found a special two-reeler, because no Grand programme is complete without a special feature, and they are the pick of them all, too. Today's is "The Shield of Innocence" and it is a powerful dramatic, that will thrill and stir from start to finish. The plot is too gripping and too full of sensational surprises to divulge. It would rob people of much pleasure to unfold it now.

Another masterpiece of dramatic fire is on today. It is the Biograph's "The Man and Master," and it is a great story of the present, that will throb in every heart.

Many Stars at Bijou.

'Tis indeed a delectable menu that is to be set up for the amusement loving public at Wilmington's most comfortable and most popular movie house for the big week-end crowds that will throng it this afternoon and evening. Today, in reality, is "Star Day", no less than half a dozen of the brightest of the constellation of the screen being on today's bill to amuse, instruct and entertain the Bijou multitudes. Among the noted screen lights is J. Warren Kerrigan and Vera Sisson, Edna Maison and Ray Gallagher, and Bobby Fuehrer (Universal Ike, Jr.) and Louise Glaum.

Heading the bill is Victor's screen masterpiece drama, "Little Meg and I," a play that was inspired by one of the most touching poems ever written. It features Jack Kerrigan and Vera Sisson, and is a story with that heart touching quality that will appeal to everyone. Of course, too, there is Geo. Periolat, that grand "old man" of the Universal.

"The Angel in the Camp," a rousing Powers drama, in which a Western "bad man" wins a Salvation Army lass for his bride, comes next. It features Edna Maison and Ray Gallagher in the two roles mentioned, and is one of the best Powers productions of the year.

Then there's a rousing Universal Ike number, "Universal Ike, Jr., Nearly Gets Married," in which the "joke" ceases to be a joke.

The bill ends with "The Great Toe Mystery," a Keystone comedy that is among the biggest.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. E. H. Williamson, of Fayetteville, was among yesterday's guests at The Orton.

—Among yesterday's guests at The Orton were W. E. Collier, Birmingham, and H. G. Moore, Charlotte.

—Mrs. Gibbs, Mrs. Jurney and Miss Jones, registering from North Carolina, were guests at The Orton last evening.

—Mrs. J. D. Larkins, of Cedartown, Ga., and Miss Ella Cooper, of Kenansville, were guests at The Orton yesterday.

—Mr. Geo. E. Mitchell, formerly a copartner in the Columbia Sign Works, has recently arrived to make his home here with his family. Mr. Mitchell comes to associate himself with the well known Southern Sign Shop of which Mr. J. M. Satchwell is proprietor.

MEETING OF MEMBERSHIP BODY.

Plans For Y. M. C. A. Campaign Next Week Discussed Last Evening.

The membership committee of the Y. M. C. A. met at a supper served in the Association building last evening and discussed the plans for the membership campaign which will be launched next Wednesday morning. The meeting was attended by about 20 members of the committee and membership workers from other campaings, and the coming one was gone over thoroughly.

It was decided to have a meeting of the entire membership of the Association next Tuesday evening, at which time final plans for the campaign will be announced and the work of the different teams outlined in detail.

MRS. CORNELIA RODGERS DEAD.

Aged Lady of Greenville Sound Died Thursday.

Many friends were grieved yesterday to learn of the death of Mrs. Cornelia Rodgers, widow of the late Mr. W. L. Rodgers, which occurred at her home on Greenville Sound Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. Rodgers was in the 75th year of her age, and is survived by two sons, Messrs. W. T. and J. L. Rodgers, of Greenville Sound; three brothers, Messrs. H. F. and J. T. Canady, of Greenville Sound, and Mr. W. D. Canady, of Scott's Hill, and one sister, Mrs. M. E. Rodgers, of Myrtle Grove Sound.

The funeral was conducted from the family home yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock and the remains were interred in the family burying ground nearby. Rev. O. N. Marshall, pastor of the Seagate Baptist church, conducted the services.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Having this day qualified as Administrator of the estate of Marvin Newman, deceased, I hereby notify all parties indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and all parties holding claims against said estate will present same within twelve months from the date hereof, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of recovery.

L. M. BUNTING,
Administrator of Martin Newman, deceased.

This 18th day of September, 1914.
se19,26;oc3,10-4t

SUNDAY SERVICES

The assembling of the people on the Sabbath Day for public worship is an historic custom which places the modern world under tribute. The people owe the debt and the church receives the repayment in interest and service, only that it may offer to the people a finer coin. That is to say, the leading element in modern civilization and progress is the Christian Church, with its insistence upon education and a high view of the possibilities of life. Herein is the appeal of the church to the modern man to attend its services and increase its usefulness.

Bethany Presbyterian church, Wrightsboro, Rev. Andrew J. Howell, pastor—Services tomorrow, Sunday, at 11 A. M. Sunday school at 3:30 P. M. Christian Endeavor at 8 P. M. Visitors are cordially invited to all services.

Delgado Presbyterian Church, Rev. Andrew J. Howell, pastor—Services tomorrow, Sunday, at 3:30 P. M. Sunday school at 10:20 A. M. Christian Endeavor at 7 P. M. Song service at Thursday evening. Residents of the neighborhood are cordially invited to attend these services.

Winter Park Presbyterian church, Rev. Andrew J. Howell, pastor—Services tomorrow at 8 P. M. Sunday school at 3:30 P. M. Please note change of hour for Sunday school. Visitors cordially welcomed.

First Presbyterian church, corner of Third and Orange streets, Rev. John M. Wells, D. D., pastor—Services tomorrow at 11 A. M., preaching by the pastor. Sunday school at 9:50 A. M. Christian Endeavor at 8 P. M. Mid-week prayer meeting at 8 P. M. Wednesday. The public is invited to all these services.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. A. D. McClure, pastor—Preaching by the pastor at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sabbath school at 4 P. M. Junior C. E. at 5 P. M. Senior C. E. at 7:15 P. M. Mid-week prayer and praise service Wednesday at 8 P. M. Seats free; a welcome to all these services.

Pearsall Memorial Presbyterian church, East Wilmington, Rev. H. W. Koelling, pastor—Sabbath school at 10:30 A. M. Preaching at 11:15 A. M. Christian Endeavor prayer meeting at 8 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 P. M. All are invited to these services.

Harnett Street Mission, Eighth and Harnett streets, Rev. W. M. Baker, evangelist in charge—Sabbath school at 9:30 A. M. Preaching this Sabbath at 7:30 P. M.

Church of Good Shepherd—11 o'clock Mr. Israel Noe. 8 o'clock, Rev. Mr. Cox. Sunday school 3:30 P. M.

Seventh Day Adventist, meets in the tent at Third and Castle streets—Regular Sabbath services of the church on Saturday morning. Sabbath school at 10 o'clock. Preaching service at 11 o'clock, the sermon to be delivered by Evangelist Walter L. Adkins. Special services every night in the week but Saturday. Evangelist Adkins will preach Sunday morning at 11 o'clock on "God's Definition of Love." Sunday night at 7:45 o'clock Evangelist Carlyle B. Haynes will speak on "The Progress of the Gospel in All the Earth." Sunday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock Evangelist Haynes will conduct a Bible class on the subject of "Religious Liberty."

DISTRICT INSTITUTE ENDS

Epworth League Institute at Bladen Street Methodist Church Was Big Success.

The Epworth League Institute for the Wilmington District, which opened Thursday night at Bladen Street Methodist church, came to a close last night, after a morning, afternoon and evening session. Despite the inclemency of the weather yesterday the meetings were well attended, and the institute was a success in every way. Most of the delegates from other leagues will leave for their homes today.

The devotional exercises at the opening session yesterday morning were led by Rev. J. D. Bundy, pastor of Grace Methodist church, following which Mr. Bundy made a most interesting talk on the devotional department. Mr. E. A. Palmgren made a short but inspiring talk and led a round table discussion on the social service department, this concluding the morning session.

The afternoon session began at 2:30 o'clock, Rev. N. M. Wright, of the Seagate church, leading the devotional services. Mrs. H. B. Branch led an interesting and profitable discussion on the social and literary department, bringing out many points of practical value. Miss Lizzie Hancock, of Newbern, conference secretary, made a talk on the missionary department, telling of the splendid work being done in Africa by Bishop Lambeth, and also of the missionary work as carried on at Newbern.

Reports were then received from the representatives of the different leagues represented, all tending to show that splendid work is being done by the leaguers throughout the Wilmington district.

After the reports were received there were short talks by Miss Hancock and Miss Beulah Weeks, of Southport, on the Junior Department, telling of the growth of the service in this department, and the good that it is doing.

The night session was opened with devotional exercises led by Rev. Mr. Wright. Rev. G. T. Adams, pastor of Fifth Street Methodist church, was on the programme for an address, but was prevented from attending on account of a slight illness. Rev. C. M. Lance, of Southport, district secretary, spoke on "The Possibilities of the Epworth League," dwelling especially upon the "quiet hour" feature, and urging all members of the league to observe this quiet hour each day by devoting 15 minutes time to prayer and meditation and reading the scriptures.

A reconsecration service was the final feature of the evening, bringing the institute to a close.

LOCAL DOTS.

—By deed filed for record yesterday the Wilmington Beach Corporation transfers to I. W. Cooper, for $1 and other considerations, lot No. 10 in block 18 and lot No. 13, in Block 11, Wilmington Beach.

FAMILY AVOIDS SERIOUS SICKNESS

By Being Constantly Supplied With Thedford's Black-Draught.

McDuff, Va.—"I suffered for several years," says Mrs. J. B. Whittaker, of this place, "with sick headache, and stomach trouble.

Ten years ago a friend told me to try Thedford's Black-Draught, which I did, and I found it to be the best family medicine for young and old.

I keep Black-Draught on hand all the time now, and when my children feel a little bad, they ask me for a dose, and it does them more good than any medicine they ever tried.

We never have a long spell of sickness in our family, since we commenced using Black-Draught."

Thedford's Black-Draught is purely vegetable, and has been found to regulate weak stomachs, aid digestion, relieve indigestion, colic, wind, nausea, headache, sick stomach, and similar symptoms.

It has been in constant use for more than 70 years, and has benefited more than a million people.

Your druggist sells and recommends Black-Draught. Price only 25c. Get a package to-day. N. C. 123

The Franchise Ordinance.

The full text of the ordinance passed by City Council some weeks ago, granting to the Wilmington & Carolina Beach Railway Co., a franchise for a street car line over certain of the city's streets, which franchise is to be submitted to the voters for ratification at the special election October 7th, appears in the advertising columns elsewhere in today's issue. The ordinance is published by the city, in accordance with the requirements of the law.

Vineland Firm Bankrupt.

W. J. Benton & Son, a mercantile firm of Vineland, were adjudged involuntary bankrupts by Judge Henry Grove Connor Thursday, and the first meeting of the creditors of the concern will be held in the United States Court rooms here October 8th, at which time a trustee will be appointed. The firm was adjudged bankrupt on report of Geo. H. Howell, Esq., who was appointed special master in the case sometime ago.

DECISION ON MONDAY.

And Again the Tucker Estate—Inquiry Into State Banks.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 25.—Judge Whedbee, of the Superior Court, will announce Monday his ruling in the test case brought by the Corporation Commission against the Tucker estate here to determine the question of whether the State can collect inheritance taxes against estates that passed to heirs during the six years of 1905 to 1911 under the section of the State revenue acts in force during that period.

There came to the Corporation Commission today a request from Secretary of the United States Treasury for a statement from the commission as to the conduct of the State banks in North Carolina in the matter of hoarding money. This is in connection with his campaign of publicity against National banks that have unduly hoarded money in a way that will impair the general financial conditions. The commission is having a statement prepared showing cash on hand in the 400-odd State banks one year ago and reported on hand on the date of last report, September 12. Only something like two-thirds of the banks have yet sent in their reports as of September 12, but all will be in hand within a few days. The commission will probably make publis a statement of the total cash on hand reported by the State banks a year ago and the total on hand September 12, as soon as the compilations are made.

READY TO STAND BY THEIR FRIEND.

Jenkins, a newly-wedded suburbanite, kissed his wife good-bye telling her he would be home at six o'clock that evening. Then he got his auto and started for town.

Midnight arrived and no hubby. She could bear the suspense no longer, so arousing her father, she sent him to the telegraph office with six telegrams to as many brother Elks living in the city, asking each if her husband was stopping there over night.

At dawn a farm wagon carrying a farmer and friend husband drove up to the house. The broken down auto was in tow. Almost simultaneously came a messenger boy with a telegram, followed at intervals by five others. All of them read:

"Yes, Henry is spending the night with me."

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30

Thos. Dixon's Play of the New South.

"The Sins of the Father"

An Epoch-Making Play at Popular Prices—25, 50, 75c, $1.

Seats on sale Monday at Woodall & Sheppard's, cor. Front and Princess.

MADE BY Southern Map Company WILMINGTON, N. C. TRADE MARK

BLUE-PRINTS

The Wooltex Trade Mark The H. Black Company Designers and Makers Cleveland

True Balance

Every Wooltex coat or jacket falls naturally and gracefully into place with the least amount of adjusting. It is made to hang with perfect balance.

A. Brown

The Store That Sells WOOLTEX

ACADEMY, One Night Only September 28

Al. G. Field Greater Minstrels

AMERICA'S REPRESENTATIVE ORGANIZATION.

29 — Years of Continuous Success — 29

Outliving, Outclassing All Competitors

——IN A CLASS OF ITS OWN——

Special Scenery. Elaborate Effects

65 —— IN THE COMPANY —— 65

Including

BILLY BUSCH'S BANNER BAND

Seats Now Selling at Woodall & Sheppard's, Druggists, corner Front and Princess Streets.

GRAND

TODAY

The Shield of Innocence

A Two-Reel Sensation

Memories in Men's Souls

A Great Love Story, With Van Dyke Brooke, Walter Horton, Norma Talmadge and Others.

The Man Master

A Story That Will Throb the Heart.

ADMISSION, ONLY 5 CENTS

The Paramount Pictures Start October 1.

THE MILLION DOLLAR MYSTERY, OCT. 7.

Get In on the First Installment.

BIJOU

TODAY'S STARS

WARREN KERRIGAN
VERA SISSON
UNIVERSAL IKE
EDNA MAISON

"LITTLE MEG AND I"

Heart Thrilling Victor Drama, With Warren Kerrigan and Vera Sisson.

"THE ANGEL OF THE CAMP."

Powers Drama, With Edna Maison and Ray Gallagher.

"UNIVERSAL IKE, JR., NEARLY GETS MARRIED."

Another Big U. I. Comedy, With Louise Glaum.

"THE GREAT TOE MYSTERY"

Rousing Keystone Comedy.

VICTORIA

THURSDAY FRIDAY SATURDAY

KEITH'S BIG NOVELTY BILL!

The New Winter Garden Sensation

"RAY-MONDE"

Is "She a He, or Is "He" a She?

"DUN AND DEAN"

Just a Few Moments in Vodeville

In Musical Repertoire

"THE KRELLES"

"A Study in Royal Blue and White."

"TWO ROEDERS"

The "Gymnast and Nut."

2 —— Photoplays —— 2

MATINEE: Daily at 3:30.
2 NIGHT SHOWS, 7:30 and 9:00.
All children under 5 years, with parents, admitted Free!

J. F. LEITNER

ARCHITECT

27, 28, 29 Carroll Building.

Read Star Business Locals.

SAVE A DOLLAR

This week and put it in the Bank. Do the same thing next week and we believe you'll keep on repeating. A little money in the bank gives such a feeling of Independence and Prosperity that once a fellow starts to save he is almost sure to keep it up. If you don't believe it, just save a dollar a week for a few weeks and see how good it feels to have money.

MAKE THE HOME YOUR HOME,
THE HOME WILL MAKE YOU.

HOME SAVINGS BANK

Orton Building—Front Street

No. 39869. Richmond, Va., Sept. 19th, 1905.

Complete Analysis of sample of Mineral Water received from Mr. F. H. Fechtig, P. A., A. C. L. R. R. Company, marked "Water from McDaniel's Lithia Springs, Lincolnton, N. C." The water contains per U. S. Gal. of 231 cu. inches:

Calcium Carbonate	1.29153 Grs.
Magnesium Carbonate	.97886 "
Sodium Carbonate	.48768 "
Barium Carbonate	.00058 "
Strontium Carbonate	.00029 "
Iron (Ferrous) Carbonate	.04317 "
Manganous Carbonate	.00050 "
Potassium Sulphate	.23451 "
Sodium Sulphate	.22167 "
Sodium Chloride	.37917 "
Sodium Nitrate	.14000 "
Sodium Phosphate	.01866 "
Sodium Iodide	.00101 "
Lithium Chloride	.00206 "
Silica	2.13001 "
Alumina	05891 "
Organic Matter	.04666 "
	6.03527 "
Carbonic Acid, combined with Carbonates to form Bicarbonates	1.30029 "
	7.33556 "
Free Carbonic Acid	3.54 cu. in.

The above analysis shows that this is a light "alkaline" water. Waters of this class are well known for their beneficial effects in cases of Acid Dyspepsia and other disorders of the digestive organs, as well as in the treatment of Gout and Rheumatism.

This water, though a very light one, contains in addition to the carbonates which give it its distinctive "alkaline" character, traces of Lithium Chloride and other potent salts. We, therefore, are of the opinion that, if freely used, this water will give excellent results in the treatment of the cases above mentioned. As a table water it is excellent. Respectfully,

FROEHLING & ROBERTSON.

Testimonials furnished on request. For sale by drug stores.

McDonald's Special

Gold Dollars for 99 cents

If I had any at this, could you raise the money to buy them? Well, I will sell you some North Craolina 4% Bonds at 99 and interest. SAME THING.

I have some North Carolina R. R. 7% guaranteed stock at 165.

Do you want anything? If so, write me your wants.

C. C. McDONALD, Stocks and Bonds, RALEIGH, N. C.

McDaniel Lithia Water

Positively will Cleanse the Impurities from the Blood through the Liver and Kidneys.

Have You Tried It? If not, Why Not?

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

CAPE FEAR MACHINE WORKS

MILL—RAILROAD—STEAMBOAT WORK

FOUNDERS—BOILER MAKERS—MACHINISTS.
MOTOR BOAT BUILDERS

Railroad and Wharf Facilities

WORK AND PRICES GUARANTEED

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

FURTHER DECLINE IN SPOTS

Eleven Hundred Bales of Old Straddle Interest Liquidated at 9 Cents For December.

New York, Sept. 25.—The report of the conference committee of the New York Cotton Exchange today showed that 1,100 bales of the old straddle interest had been liquidated at 9 cents for December, as a result of yesterday's operations in Liverpool. This makes a total liquidation of 5,900 bales since the plan of the international committee was placed in operation, and there were rumors that the outstanding interest had been further reduced through private settlements.

A report from the special committee on by-laws suggesting that the market be reopened for trading in government grades, was also taken as pointing to a resumption of business within the next few weeks.

Reports from the South indicated further declines in the spot markets, which encouraged rather a pessimistic view of values among local operators, while the heavy rains reported in the eastern belt failed to create any fresh sentiment with reference to the size of the crop.

COTTON SEED OIL.

New York, Sept. 25.—Cotton seed oil, quiet. The trade was restricted by fears of October tenders and lack of outside demand. The undertone was generally steady, owing to light crude offerings. Final prices were 3 points lower to 2 net higher. The market closed steady. Spot, 5.65 to 5.83. September, 5.85 to 5.85; October, 5.65 to 5.66; November, 5.75 to 5.78; December, 5.86 to 5.87; January, 5.96 to 5.97; February, 6.03 to 6.07; March, 6.16 to 6.17; April, 6.20 to 6.24. Total sales, 3,400.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New Orleans, Sept. 25.—Spot cotton, steady. Sales on the spot, 137 bales, to arrive, 500. Good ordinary, 7¾, nominal; strict good ordinary, 7⅝, nominal; low middling, 8¼, nominal; strict low middling, 8⅜; middling, 8⅝; strict middling, 8¾; good middling, 9¼; strict good middling, 9⅝, nominal; receipts, 1,488; stock, 54,480.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, Sept. 25. — Weekly cotton statistics. Total forwarded to mills, 30,000 bales, of which 25,000 were American; stock, 829,000; American, 535,000; imports, 6,000; American, 3,000; exports, 2,000.

Liverpool, Sept. 25. — Cotton, spot, limited business; sales, 4,200 bales, including 3,400 American, at a basis of 5.55d. for middling. No imports.

WHEAT BULLS HANDICAPPED

By Unexpected Enlargement of Domestic Visible Supply—Little Change in Prices Was Noted.

Chicago, Sept. 25.—Expected enlargement of the domestic visible supply total handicapped the bulls today in wheat. No important rallies took place and the market closed steady at the same as last night to ¾c. decline. The outcome in corn was unchanged to ¼c. lower, and for oats a shade off to ¼c. up.

Provisions finished irregular, ranging from 40c. down to 7½c. advance.

Grain and provisions closed:

Wheat—September, 1.07½; December, 1.10; May, 1.17.
Corn—December, 70⅝; May, 73¼.
Oats—December, 49⅝; May, 52⅝.
Pork—January, 19.77.
Lard—October, 9.50; January, 10.00.
Ribs—October, 10.70; January, 10.45.
Cash grain:
Wheat—No. 2, red, 1.06⅝.
Corn—No. 2, yellow, 78 to 78½.
Oats—Standard, 48½ to 49.

HESTER'S WEEKLY COTTON STATEMENT.

Comparisons are to actual dates, not to close of corresponding weeks.

In thousands bales:

In sight for week, 193; same seven days last year, 451; for the month, 516; same date last year, 1,251; for season, 583; same date last year, 1,677.

Port receipts for season, 288; same date last year, 1,263.

Overland to Mills and Canada for season, 10; same date last year, 26.

Southern mill takings for season, 162; same date last year, 324.

Interior stocks in excess of August 1st, 123; do. last year, 64.

Foreign exports for week, 29; same seven days last year, 246; for season, 74; date last year, 791.

Northern spinners' takings and Canada for week, 28; same 7 days last year, 53; for season, 122; to same date last year, 213.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Chicago, Sept. 25.—Hogs—Weak and generally 10c. lower. Bulk, 7.90 to 8.20; mixed, 8.00 to 9.00; heavy, 7.70 to 8.70; rough, 7.70 to 7.85; pigs, 4.75 to 8.60.

Cattle—Steady. Beeves, 6.85 to 11.00; stockers, 5.40 to 8.35; cows and heifers, 3.60 to 9.15; calves, 8.00 to 11.75.

Sheep—Firm. Sheep, 4.80 to 5.80; yearlings, 5.75 to 6.40; lambs, 6.25 to 7.80.

NEW YORK PRODUCE.

New York, Sept. 25.—Sugar—Raw, easy; molasses sugar, 4.37; centrifugal, 4.52; refined, easy.

Butter—Steady.

Cheese—Steady.

WEEKLY COTTON REVIEW

Still Uncertainty Exists as to When New York Exchange Will Resume Business.

New York, Sept. 25.—Members of the New York Cotton Ecxhange still express more or less uncertaintly as to when it will be possible to resume business in futures, but it is believed that considerable progress has been made in that direction during the past week.

Liquidation of some old straddle business has been a little more active, and is expected to make still better headway at the lower level of prices, while it is rumored that the old interest has been still more substantially reduced by private settlements. Moreover, plans are still under consideration for taking over remaining contracts by a syndicate and with the price of December contracts now at the contemplated nine cent level early announcements are looked for in that connection. Meanwhile new by-laws and trading rules are being drawn up, with a view to adopting New York methods to the requirements of new cotton futures law. This law does not become effective until February 18th, but the special committee on by-laws has recommended that when the exchange is re-opened new business be permitted only in contracts based on the government grades as they now exist. The committee considers present methods of fixing differences adequate for the time being, but recommends daily differences under the rules of the Department of Agriculture and the abandonment of grade guarantee through the inspection bureau funds after February 18. It is proposed to maintain the local inspection bureau, but the Secretary of Agriculture will be asked to station a board of appeals here in order to decide disputes as to grade or staple. Action upon these recommendations is to be taken by the board of managers within the next few days.

Except for heavy rains in eastern and central sections of the belt, new crop conditions have been considered favorable and Southern spot markets were reported rather easier toward the close of the week.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Sept. 25.—Heavy purchases of towels, sheets, pillow cases and blankets for war purposes were reported today. Cotton goods were irregular, with yarns steadier. An embargo has been placed on the shipment of wool from Turkey and Persia and Indian ports are closed against just shipments.

SAVANNAH NAVAL STORES.

Savannah, Sept. 25.—Turpentine, nominal, 49½; no sales; receipts, 311; shipments, 835; stocks, 27,371.

Ronsin—Nominal; no sales; receipts, 1,285; shipments, 1,720; stock, 112,235. Quote: A, B, 3.50; C, D, 3.52½; E, F, G, H and I, 3.55; K, 4.15; M, 4.50; N, 6.00; W G, 6.25; W W, 6.35.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

September 26, 1914.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M., yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 65 degrees; at 8 P. M., 63 degrees; maximum, 66 deegrees; minimum, 62 degrees; mean, 64 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, 2.09; rainfall for the month, to date, 5.89 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 2.4 feeet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina—Fair Saturday and Sunday.

The Port Calendar, Sept. 26, 1914.

Sun rises .. .. .6:03 A. M.
Sun sets ... ...6:04 P. M.
Day's length ....12 hrs. 1 min.

The Tides.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington . .	2:39	3:32	10:02	10:53
Southport . .	.12:37	1:14	6:52	7:58
Masonboro Inl	..12:26	1:03	6:32	7:38

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

September 25, 1914.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature Highest today.	Temperature Lowest last night.	Precipitation at 8 P. M.
Abileene . . .	clear	80	52	.0
Asheville . .	clear	66	50	.0
Atlanta . . .	clear	74	56	.24
Augusta . . .	clear	66	60	1.72
Birmingh . .	clear	76	50	.0
Boston . . .	pt cldy	70	58	.0
Charleston . .	rain	70	70	4.38
Charlotte . .	clear	66	58	.66
Chicago . . .	clear	66	56	.10
Galveston . .	clear	82	68	.0
Jacksonv. . .	cldy	78	70	.26
Memphis . .	clear	72	54	.0
Mobile. . . .	clear	78	58	.04
Montgom'y .	clear	78	56	.08
New Orl . .	clear	80	64	.0
New York . .	cldy	64	56	.20
Oklahoma. .	clear	74	54	.0
Palestine . .	clear	80	58	.0
Pittsburg . .	clear	64	50	.0
Raleigh . .	pt cldy	58	56	1.00
Savannah . .	cldy	70	66	.54
Shreveport .	clear	78	56	.0
St. Louis . .	clear	70	52	.0
Washing'n .	clear	66	56	.16

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 14.—North Carolina Peanuts: Market weaker; receipts, light; fancy hand-picked, 80c.; No. 1, machine picked, 75c.

Virginias — Weaker. Fancy hand-picked, 85c.; No. 1, machine picked, 75c. per bushel.

Spanish—Weaker, 75c. per bushel.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Peterhburg, Va., Sept. 23.—Spanish—Farmers' Spanish, quiet, 85c. per bushel.

Virginias—Steady, Fancy Jumbo, 4c. per lb. Fancy Hand-Picked, 3½c. to 3¾c. per lb. Extra Prime, 3½c. to 3¾c. per lb. Prime, 3 c. to 3½c. per lb. Machine Picked, 3 c. to 3½c. per lb.

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans—Middling, 8⅝; receipts, 1,488; sales, 667; stock, 54,480.

Galveston—Middling, 8⅝; receipts, 9,160; sales, 1,670; stock, 56,308.

Mobile—Middling, 8½; receipts, 664; sales, 50; stock, 8,643.

Savannah—Middling, 8; receipts, 3,803; sales, 1,492; stock, 32,906.

Charleston — Middling, 8¼; receipts, 563; sales, 50; stock, 10,122.

Wilmington—Middling, 8¼; receipts, 868; stock, 10,460.

Texas City—Receipts, 315.

Norfolk—Middling, 8½; receipts, 572; sales, 10; stock, 13,878.

Baltimore—Receipts, 70; stock, 3,607.

Boston—Stock, 2,992.

Philadelphia—Stock, 2,335.

New York—Stock, 82,320.

Minor Ports—Receipts, 908; stock, 7,583.

Total today—Receipts, 18,441; stock, 315,634.

Total for week—Receipts, 98,541; exports, 29,445.

Total for season—Receipts, 288,201; exports, 73,533.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Middling, 8¾; receipts, 8,252; shipmetns, 7,350; sales, 4,109; stock, 47,741.

Memphis — Middling, 8⅝; receipts, 940; shipments, 493; sales, 1,000; stock, 25,063.

Augusta—Middling, 8¼; receipts, 2,358; shipments, 1,189; sales, 604; stock, 31,794.

St. Louis — Middling, 8½; receipts, 166; shipments, 456; stock, 12,692.

Cincinnati—Receipts, 177; stock, 5,102.

Little Rock—Middling, 8½; receipts, 345; shipments, 89; stock, 5,352.

Total today—Receipts, 12,238; shipments, 9,577; stock, 127,744.

MARINE.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Mariner (Br.), 1,555 ton., Morrison, Alex. Sprunt & Son.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.) 2,289 tons, Hollasch, at Southport, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger) 2,872 tons, Linke, at Southport, Heide & Co.

Schooners.

Schr. Alice L. Pendleton, 567 tons, Marshall, C. D. Maffitt & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Sept. 25.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Steady, at 42½.

ROSIN—Steady. Large, $3.10; small, $3.00.

TAR—Firm, $2.10 per barrel; per gallon, 10c.

CRUDE TURPENTINE — Firm, $3.00 per barrel for soft; $3.00 per barrel for virgin; $2.00 per barrel for hard.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, steady, 37; rosin, firm, 3.45; tar, firm, 2.20-10; crude, firm, 3.00, 3.00, 2.00.

Receipts.

Spirits Turpentine 8
Rosin 30
Tar 68
Crude Turpentine ... ...(—)

Receipts same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 12 casks; rosin, 35 barrels; tar, 10 barrels; crude turpentine, 13 barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Spot, middling, steady, 8¼; last year, 13⅜.

Receipts, 893 bales; same day last year, 2,342 bales.

Total receipts since September 1st, 6,198 bales.

Total receipts to same day last year, 39,150 bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.

Wilmington, Sept. 25.

Atlantic Coast Line—864 bales cotton; 34 barrels tar.

Seaboard Air Line—25 bales cotton; 34 barrels tar.

Schr. Annie B.—8 casks spirits turpentine; 30 barrels rosin.

Total—893 bales cotton; 8 casks spirits turpentine; 30 barrels rosin; 68 barrels tar.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Sept. 25th.)

CORN—$2.10 per sack.

POTATOES — Irish potatoes, $1.00 per bu. Sweet potatoes, yams, 90c.@$1 per bu.

PEAS—Out of season.

BEEF—Native dressed, 7 to 8c.; very dull.

PORK—Small, 10@12 cents; large, no sale.

SHEEP—No sale. Lambs, $1.50 to $2.50 per head.

WOOL—Burry, 14 to 15c.; black wool, 16 to 17c.; first-class white wool, 21c. free, 20@21c. per lb.

HIDES—Green salt, 12c.; dry flints, 17@19c. lb.; dull.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, 22c, dull; sides and shouiders, 16c per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm, 28@29c. per lb.

POULTRY — Chickens, grown, 45@50c.; spring, 12½@30c. per head. Very dull.

EGGS—Dull, 25c@26c. per doz.

FOODSTUFFS AND FEED.

(Quotations of Friday, by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

Patent Flour—$5.75 to $6.25 per barrel.

Corn — Domestic, $1.10; Imported, $1.00 to $1.05.

Meal—96 lbs., $2.05 to $2.15.

Oats—Mixed, 63c.; white, 65c. per bushel.

Middlings—$33.00 to $34.00.

Hay—No. 1, Timothy, $25.00; No. 1, Mixed, $24.00.

D. S. Sides—14½ to 15½; Plates, 13c. to 13½c.

Lard—9c. to 9½c.

Coffee—9c. to 15c.

Rice—4½ to 6¼c. Fancy head rice, 5 to 6c. f. o. b. mill.

Sugar—Fluctuating. (Present cost in New York, 6⅝c.

Molasses—As it stands, 35c. to 40c. per gallon.

NEWBERN LADIES TO HELP COTTON PRICES.

Will Buy Domestic Cotton Dress Goods Instead of Silks, Etc.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Newbern, N. C., Sept. 25.—Falling in line with the ladies of other towns and cities, a number of the members of Newbern's feminne population are planning to purchase cotton dress goods during the next month or two and to buy less of imported fabrics and silks. This movement, started by Miss Genevieve Clark, met with favor in Newbern as soon as it was announced and will doubtless continue.

There are at least 4,000 ladies in the city who each month purchase large quantities of silks, woolens or other materials for dress goods. It has been suggested that a day be set aside and on this day the dry goods merchants have sales of cotton goods, giving special prices on the materials if they so desire, and that each purchaser expend as much as $1 on cotton goods. This would put $4,000 into circulation and would increase the demand for that variety of goods, thus helping the producers. The full plans have not been completed but there is every reason to believe that they will be carried out as suggested.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

Effective Sept. 8th.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Beach.
* 6:25 A.M.	*6:05 A.M.
6:55 "	7:10 "
* 7:25 "	7:40 "
* 8:00 "	* 8:15 "
8:30 "	* 8:45 "
10:00 "	9:15 "
	x ‖10:35 "
11:30 "	10:45 "
1:10 P. M.	12:15 P. M.
2:00 "	1:50 "
2:30 "	2:45 "
3:00 "	3:15 "
3:30 "	3:45 "
4:00 "	4:15 "
4:30 "	4:45 "
5:00 "	5:15 "
5:30 "	5:45 "
6:10 "	6:25 "
6:40 "	6:55 "
7:10 "	7:25 "
8:30 "	7:50 "
‖ x 9:15 "	9:15 "
10:00	‖ x 9:45 "
11:15 "	10:45 "
12:00 Midnight.	12:00 Midnight

* Daily, except Sunday.
x Sundays only.
‖ To Wrightsville only.
‖ Leave Wrightsville.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE.

(Daily except Sunday.)

Leave 9th and Orange Sts.	Leave Beach
9:30 A. M.	12:15 P. M.
3:30 P. M.	5:15 P. M.

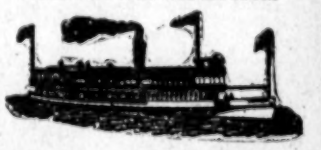
Freight Office open from 8:00 A. M. t 9:30 A. M. and 2:00 P. M. to 3:30 P. M.

SUNDAYS

Leave 9th and Orange Sts.	Leave Beach.
11:00 A. M.	12:45 P. M.

Freight Office open Sunday from 10:00 to 11:00 A. M.

SCHEDULE STR. WILMINGTON.



Will leave Daily for Southport and Fort Caswell, at 9:30 A. M.

Will leave Southport at 2:30 P. M., arriving at 5:00 P. M.

J. B. FOX.

"THAT ITS EVERY PUBLISHED STATEMENT IS TRUE."

"The Atlantic City of the South Atlantic."

A picture of a magnificent board walk, with electric lights, a luxurious rolling chair being wheeled by an attendant in uniform; many people in surf bathing, a large steamer and sailing vessel on the horizon.

Statement of what Atlantic City real estate has done, showing increases at the rate of 1,000% in twenty years.

Illustration of Sunset Park, which might be mistaken for entrance to Wilmington Beach.

"Plans for yacht clubs, hotels, dancing pavilions, bathing houses, etc.," referred to as if they provided immediate healthful amusements.

Letter quoted, as follows: "Dear Sir: Replying to your letter, I wish to advise that cottages at Wrightsville Beach are rented during the summer and prices range from $200 to $500. Thos. H. Wright."

Statement that lots at Wilmington Beach are selling at an average of $350 each. This might mean $100 a lot one mile from the Ocean and $500 a lot on the Ocean front.

Statement made that "Every $700 invested will bring you a net income of $182 per year, or 26%."

Statement that you can use your cottage for a month and then "rent it for $138, or 19 5-7%."

Statement that cottages at Wrightsville Beach costing $800 to $1,000 to build rent for $500, "and you can not get a cottage at that in mid season." "People are even compelled to return home after making the trip, because there is no chance to get accommodations at the hotels or cottages."

Statement that "those familiar with Wrightsville Beach know that it is very inaccessible, being reached by trolley only, etc." "Wrightsville, even with its handicaps, has been a big success and profit to those who purchased lots there, etc., etc."

"These are facts, and we present them as such beause we have proof."

"We believe we could rent a thousand cottages at Wilmington Beach as soon as we can get them."

"References:

Wilmington Chamber of Commerce,
American National Bank,
Fidelity Trust & Development Company."

Here it will be interesting to insert the following letter:

"Chamber of Commerce,
Wilmington, N. C., September 24th, 1914.

Dear Sir:

In reply to your inquiry, I have to state that the Wilmington Beach Corporation is not a member of the Chamber of Commerce, and reference to this body for information in regard to their proposition used in their advertising book was not authorized.

Yours very truly,
(Signed) H. B. BRANCH, Secretary.

Statement. "Wilmington Beach is what is known as a safe beach, wholly free from mud or rock.s"

"The predonminating feature will be a board walk 24 feet wide along the entire frontage, ample width for heavy travel of promenaders and wheel chairs." "The piers will also be an additional promenade."

"The facilities for reaching Wilmington Beach will be as follows:

"(a) By electric railway from Wilmington. "The incorporators promise its construction at an early date."

"(b) By a county macadam road from Wilmington." "Assurances are given of the early completion of the remaining mileage."

"(c) By steam boat direct to our own docks."

"The Wilmington Beach Corporation, with its ample capital stock and its strong allied financial resources, will undertake the construction of cottages and bungalows for non-resident owners." "Corporation will advance funds, etc."

(Note here the adroit use of the term **"ample capital stock").** Houses can not be built with "capital stock" when the stock is worthless; but the inference is that the "capital stock" and "allied financial resources" (?) (not specifically indicated) would be sufficient.

Statement. "It should be remembered that the proposed development of a property of this character, and the ability of the owners to fulfill their promises, **are the factors in determining the lot values."**

The following guarantees are made: "A condition in every contract."

"(a) A 24-foot board walk along the entire beach front.
(b) A tourist hotel.
(c) An automobile garage.
(d) A dancing and refreshment pavilion.
(e) Tennis courts.
(f) Macadam boulevards the entire length of the property.
(g) Car service as specified.
(h) Water, light and sewerage service.
(i) 4-foot walks around every block.
(j) Recreation piers.
(k) River docks.
(l) Every lot to be high and dry.
(m) No sales to negroes.
(n) Exchange of lots at any time.
(o) Perfect title and a warranty deed.
(p) No taxes or assessments until lots are fully paid for.
(q) Free deed to lot in event of death.
(r) That its every published statement is true."

Note particularly "car service as specified," "recreation piers," "free deed to lot in event of death," and "its every published statement is true."

Statement. "A Half Million Visitors Annually." "We can confidently anticipate a half million visitors annually from the influence of the railroads alone."

"More individual property owners in Wilmington Beach than any beach on the South Atlantic, having sold to over 300 people in seven months.

Map showing railroad lines (as if constructed) to Wilmington Beach.

A handsome picture of one of the cottages **on Wrightsville Beach** owned by Mr. L. W. Moore, accompanied by the statement that "this cottage **can be** built for $300; cost of lot $350; total, $650." "Can be rented for "$133 net, or a yearly profit on the investment of 20%."

Below is given a certificate from Mr. L. W. Moore, covering this subject:

"September 25, 1914.

"To whomsoever it may concern:

I hereby certify that I have examined the prospectus of the Wilmington Beach Corporation and find an illustration therein made from a photograph of my cottage on the northerly entension of Wrightsville Beach. This illustration is accompanied by a statement that this cottage can be built for $300.

I beg to say that this cottage was built for me at a cost of $644.00, having four built at the same time.

Signed.) "L. W. MOORE."

Then is given an illustration of Mr. C. D. Maffitt's cottage, **on Wrightsville** Beach, with a statement that **"it can be built for $700;** cost of lot, $350; total investment, $1,050." "Net yearly income, $230," or "23% yearly profit."

We give below Mr. C. D. Maffitt's certificate giving some facts about this picture:

"September 25th, 1914.

"To whomsoever it may concern:

I hereby certify that I have examined the prospectus of the Wilmington Beach Corporation, and find therein an illustration made from a photograph of my cottage on Wrightsville Beach. The illustration is accompanied by a statement that the cottage can be built for $700.

My cottage was built by the Wrightsville Beach, Suburban and Development Company, of which I was a stockholder. It was one of a lot of 17 cottages built at one time, and I am advised that the cost of this particular cottage was $1,400. Last summer I built at Wrightsville Beach a cottage of same size and practically identical plan for the sum of $1,350.00.

(Signed) "C. D. MAFFITT."

Also a picture of a cottage owned by Mr. H. E. Bonitz, **at Wrightsville Beach,** with a statement that the cottage can be built for $500; cost of lot, $350; total investment, $850; net yearly income, $180, or a yearly profit of 21½%.

The following is Mr. Bonitz's certificate as to the facts in the case:

"September 25, 1914.

"To whomsoever it may concern:

I hereby certify that I have looked over the prospectus of the Wilmington Beach Corporation. There is on a page of same an illustration which shows my cottage located on Wrightsville Beach, which I built and sold to Julius Sternberger. The picture of the cottage has printed alongside of it the statement that this cottage can be built, presumably at Wilmington Beach, for the sum of $500.

I beg to say that it cost me to build my cottage $1,600, and in my opinion it would cost more than that to duplicate it. It is also my opinion, as an experienced architect, that it would cost 20 per cent. more to build the cottage at Wilmington Beach than at Wrightsville Beach.

(Signed) "H. E. BONITZ."

Pictures of these cottages are made with care, so that no trolley line or electric light poles are shown, so that the reader of the circular naturally supposes that the cottages are at Wilmington Beach. It will be noted that Mr. Bonitz thinks that it would cost 20% more to build at Wilmington Beach than it would at Wrightsville Beach. In this event, a cottage like his would cost approximately **four times as much** at it is claimed that it would.

It is obvious that the statements above outlined are unfair to innocent purchasers, and must prove detrimental to the interests of this section. TIDE WATER POWER COMPANY.

(To be Continued.)

(adv't.)

CITIZENS OF KINSTON LOST IN DENSE SWAMP

Experience a Veritable "Night of Horrors" Near Home

Dr. Albert Parrott and Mr. W. H. Sutton, Squirrel Hunting, Lose Their Way in "Let Alone" Swamp, Spend Night.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., Sept. 25.—Lost in "Let Alone" swamp, about two miles west of Kinston, and required to spend a night, Dr. Albert Parrott, the county physician, and W. H. Sutton, the local agent of the Department of Justice, experienced a veritable "night of horrors." The physician declares he will never hunt squirrels again. Let Along swamp extends from the Central Highway several miles to the bank of Neuse river, and is one of the densest of the small pocosons in this part of the State. The river bordering the swamp makes so many bends that its contour resembles a winding serpent.

Dr. Parrott and Mr. Sutton hunted until dusk in the swamp. The couple became separated, and the former discovered that he was lost. Four attempts to find the way out led him each time to the river, and finally in desperation he fired his gun. His companion, a mile or so distant, fired his in answer to the signal, and after two hours located the stranded doctor. The white slave officer laughed at Dr. Parrott's predicament, and almost immediately had to admit with chagrin that he was in the same boat. They tried to locate the Great Dipper in the sky, in lieu of the absent moon, but the Dipper also was taking a holiday. The lost men succeeded in locating the "Seven Stars," but these were treacherous guides, and persistent efforts to follow them led the companions every time to the bank of the stream. Hungry, thirsty and cold, they wandered through the woods and undergrowth until their clothes were badly torn and their hands and limbs bleeding from contact with briars.

Dr. Parrott, groping in a tangle of briar bushes and wild grape vines, seized a big, slimy snake, which wriggled through his hand and gave him a genuine chill. A few minutes later the white slave agent stopped and sniffed. "Do you smell those cucumbers?" he asked, "we're in a bed of white-oaks. They found his words true enough at the next step or two, when the poisonous snakes began to squirm from under their feet and strike at the heavy boots the couple wore.

The lost men tried to determine the direction of the river's course by throwing bark into the stream, but it was too dark to see which course the bark took when it floated off with the current. They had no matches.

Finally, from exhaustion, Dr. Parrott and Mr. Sutton gave up their efforts and made their beds on the ground. Their sleep was a cold one and other dangers than malaria and pneumonia beset them, as creeping and crawling things that loitered in the vicinity of their bed often made them realize.

Daybreak dissipated the horrors to some extent, and the weary men took up their quest of a path again, and located after some time a familiar ditch, which they followed out of the low grounds to the Central Highway.

ONSLOW PASTOR RETURNS FROM VISIT TO BERLIN.

Rev. R. M. Von Miller Arrives From Trip to Germany.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Newbern, N. C., Sept. 25.—A telephone message received here last night from Jacksonville, Onslow county, stated that Rev. R. M. Von Miller, pastor of one of the churches at that place, would pass through Newbern today or tomorrow en route home from Berlin, Germany, where he had been for the last three months. Rev. Von Miller and C. T. Rogers, both of Onslow county, were in Germany when the European war began.

Rev. Mr. Rogers lost no time in getting out of the war ridden country and back to the United States. However, Rev. Mr. Von Miller had gone to that country to settle up the estate of his father who died a few months ago and as he had not completed his work at that time, he decided to remain until it had been finished. His friends in Onslow county and elsewhere feared that he would be drafted into the army and the good offices of Secretary Bryan were secured in his behalf. Later it was learned that Rev. Mr. Von Miller had served his time in the Kaiser's army and was not again liable for service and fears for his safety were allayed. Rev. Von Miller left Germany about three weeks ago, after adjusting his father's estate and arrived in New York on Tuesday. His return to his pastorate is being eagerly awaited.

SCHOOL BONDS SOLD.

Town of Oriental to Have New $10,000 Building.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Newbern, N. C., Sept. 25.—Prof. Taylor B. Attmore, superintendent of public instruction in Pamlico county, spent yesterday in Newbern and while here he stated that $10,000 worth of bonds, the proceeds from which will be used in erecting a modern brick school house at Oriental, have been sold to an Ohio concern and the contract for the erection of the building will be awarded tomorrow and the actual work of construction will begin at the earliest possible moment.

For the past 15 years the citizens of Oriental have been content with a large frame school house which has for years been inadequate for the needs of the town. Through the efforts of A. W. Haskins, a prominent merchant of the town, and other progressive citizens, a movement was started to vote bonds for the erection of a more modern school house and the voters rapidly fell in line and the bonds were issued.

FOUND DEAD IN BED.

Aged Citizen of Bridgeton Passes Away—Funeral.

Newbern, N. C., Sept. 25.—The funeral of S. W. Brooks, an aged citizen of Bridgeton, who was found dead in his bed at that place early Monday morning, was conducted from the late home yesterday afternoon and the interment made in Cedar Grove cemetery, this city. Mrs. Brooks has been in failing health for a number of months and his demise was not entirely unexpected. He is survived by three sons, N. W. Brooks, Isaac and Jacob Brooks, all of whom reside at Bridgeton.

SHARP RISE IN CABLES

Considered Highly Sinificant in View of Efforts to Raise $100,000,000 Gold Pool.

New York, Sept. 25.—In view of the efforts of bankers to organize a $100,000,000 gold pool, primarily to facilitate foreign exchange, today's sharp rise in cables and demand bills on London was regarded as highly singificant. Cables rose to 498 1-2 and demand sold up to 497 1-2. The advance was attributed in some quarters to the belief that the modified British moratorum, effective early in October, might not cover these forms of remittance.

Announcement that arrangements have been perfected, under the asupices of the stock exchange, for private dealings at concessions in unlisted stocks which includes the curb, was accompanied by intimation that this is preliminary to a similar step in regularly listed securties.

Bonds dealers reported an increased demand for the new New York City notes, with a further advance in the three year issue. Incidentally, Tennesssee secured an evtension in this market of some of its maturing obligations.

Exchanges $160,582,174, balances $8,913,863. Mer. paper 7. Sterling exchange strong; for cables 498.25; for demand 497. Bar silver 53.

ALL NEW BUSINESS TO BE ON CONTRACT BASIS.

Special Committee on N. Y. Cotton Exchange Makes Report.

New York, Sept. 25.—The special committee of the cotton exchange which has been conferring with the Department of Agriculture with the object of drawing up new by-laws to meet the requirements of the cotton futures law, reported to the board of managers today. The committee recommended that when the exchange opens for business, trading in the old style contracts be confined to liquidation and that all new business be on contract basis on the government grades.

Other changes connected with the fixing of differences and gradings are supposed to take on when the Lever bill becomes operative February 18th. The board of managers has not yet taken any action on the report and it is expected that two or three days may be required for discussion. If approved it will be posted for ten days and then voted upon by the members.

TO CONFER WITH STATE UNIVERSITY AUTHORITIES

Committee Appointed—School System and Department of Pedagogy.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 25.—Governor Craig has appointed a special committee to confer with the authorities of Chapel Hill relative to the graded school system in connection with the State University department of pedagogy. The committee consists of President Graham, Prof. M. C. S. Noble, chair of pedagogy; J. Y. Joyner, State Superintendent of Public Instruction; Victor Bryant, Durham; David Stern, Greensboro.

Henry Smith, Iredell county, a negro under sentence to die in the electric chair for murder, receives a commutation to life imprisonment from Governor Craig on representation by Hayden Clement, who prosecuted the negro that the prisoner should not suffer death. The shooting was at a dance hall in a free-for-all fight.

BRADSTREET'S REVIEW.

Fall Trade Below Normal; Industrial Operations Quiet.

New York, Sept. 25.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say:

"It is evident that fall trade is below normal; that industrial operations are quiet; that bank clearings, with stock markets closed, continue on the down grade; that failures are numerous, and that the general rule is to buy only for pressing needs. Difficulty encountered in getting ready money at reasonable rates checks buying in a myriad of lines.

"On the other hand, farmers in wheat producing regions have prospered, retail trade has been stimulated by cool weather over a wide area; export trade in cereals continues of heavy volume and it is certain that more or less business has been done for Europe in blankets, saddles, munitions and cotton goods for war purposes."

SECTION HAND KILLED BY SOUTHERN PASSENGER TRAIN

Stepped Out of Way of Freight Train on to Other Track.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Greensboro, N. C., Sept. 25.—Stepping out of the way of a freight train, Charles Richardson, section hand, landed in front of an afternoon passenger train for Richmond and had both legs cut off. He died at the hospital an hour later.

James Faison, negro, was today convicted of murder in the first degree for killing his wife July 4th, and will be sentenced to be electrocuted.

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city, for advertisements in this department, upon request by 'phone to No. 51. Messengers will also call for Telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, or advertisements for the Star, but a small charge for strictly Messenger Service. Telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams and bills will be rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union," but for advertisements always call the Star office. No. 51. Locals cannot be taken over the telephone — but upon request messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

STRAYED — A FEMALE SPOTTED coach dog. Answers to name of "Beaut." Finder will please return to F. T. Mills. se26-1t*

REGISTERED DRUGGIST WANTS POsition. Thoroughly competent, sober, energetic, single. Reference and reason for change from present employer. Address "Phenol," care Star. se26-3t*

EXTRA CHOICE LETTUCE AND CELery. Extra fancy native beef, veal, lamb and pork. Norfolk oysters, very best dressed chickens to be found. See our line first. Palace Market, 108 S. Front street; 'Phone 72. se26-tf

TAKEN UP—A BLACK AND WHITE sow, at my place at Seagate. Owner can have same by proving claim and paying charges. E. O. Allen. se26-1t*

WANTED — THREE GOOD SOLICITors for house to house canvass of city. Apply McD. L. W. Co., care Star. se26-1t

WANTED — BY MARRIED COUPLE, no children, board and room in good location. P. O. Box 1122, City. se26-1t*

NATIVE BEEF; NATIVE BEEF; NAtive Beef—Extra choice native beef. We have been selling it with great success. It's the town talk. Norfolk oysters. We have the goods. Palace Market, 108 S. Front street; 'Phone 72. se26-1t

WANTED—SALESMAN TO SELL LUbricating oils, house and barn paint, and specialties. Big profits. Champion Refining Co., Cleveland, Ohio. se26,sa3mo

WANTED AT ONCE — ENERGETIC young man as shipping clerk. Must be competent. Good opportunity for right party. Apply Swift & Co. se26-1t

LARGE, FRESH EGGS; THREE DOZen for $1.00; celery, three stalks for 25c. Sweet and Irish potatoes, 40c. peck. Best flour, 40c. for 12-lb. sack. 'Phone 853. C. H. Bornemann. se26-1t*

GOOD HOME AND WAGES TO CAPAble white woman to assist in housekeeping and care of children. Address "Helper", care Star. se 26-2t

FRIDAY, SATURDAY—TWO MAMmoth bargain days here. A 'phone call at 672 will show you. Cape Fear Cash Grocery, 109 South Front. se 25-2t

RUGS AND ART SQUARES MADE from old discarded carpets. All rugs reversible. Will be in the city for a short while only. Phone 1590-W. S. A. Evans. se 25-7t*

FOR RENT—914 MARKET STREET, 10 rooms, three baths, hardwood floor, large yard, heating plant. Consult L. W. Moore, Agent, 123 Princess. se 25-2t

AUTOMOBILE — IF YOU WANT A real bargain let me demonstrate to you my five-passenger touring car. Will sell or trade for city property. Address Box 664, City. se24-4t

OFFICE FURNITURE AND FIXtures, Lumber without nails, for sale cheap. Apply Chas. Schaeffer & Son, Water and Grace streets, City. se24-3t

WANTED—THREE OR FOUR ROOMS, close in and suitable for light housekeeping. Must have all modern conveniences and be in good condition. Address, Rooms 4, care Star. se24-3tpd

FOR RENT — LOWER FLAT IN NEW house, 310 Church street, 7 rooms and bath. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. se23-tf

FOR RENT — 14 SO. 9TH, 7 ROOMS and bath, electric lights, $25; 421 So. Fourth, 9 rooms, water and sewerage, $20; wood yard, corner Eighth and Brunswick, $5; see M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. se23-tf

BLANKETS; BLANKETS.—WE HAVE installed the Cohen system for cleaning blankets. All blankets cleaned by this system are handled with full understanding that you are to be satisfied, or no pay. We are the only ones in the city with the Cohen system. Let us have your blankets now. Price 75 cents. City Laundry Co.; 'Phone 249. se24-tf

FOR RENT—214 NORTH 5TH, SIX rooms and bath, $25.00. 216 North 5th, 5 rooms and sewerage $18.00. See M. C. Darby Co., Real Estate. se24-tf

LOOK—SAID MRS. JONES TO MRS. Murphy: "What a blessing it is to have a store like May Bros.' Delicatessen. I don't have to worry what to cook for supper. I always do my shopping or take in a matinee and then stop at May Bros.' Delicatessen for my supper. Their potato salad with mayonnaise dressing is not to be beat." 130 Market street; 'Phone 1322. se23-7t

FOR RENT — TWO CONNECTING rooms, close to business center, but in private residence; newly papered and painted; electric lights and bath connection. Address "B. A. C.," care Star. se23-tf

WANTED — WORK FOR SEVERAL men who are out of work, and willing to work, and are good workers. Also some good women, who want work by the day, house cleaning and scrubbing, or any good, honest work to make a living. Boiler maker, blacksmith, shipping clerk, or any other work; watchman, etc. Please telephone Rev. J. S. Crowley, 304-J, or address 508 South Third st. se22-tf

CHEESE — PHILADELPHIA CREAM, Lieder Kranz, Neufchatel, Pimento, Royal Lunch, Munster, Swiss and Wisconsin Cream; also bolted rye flour, unbolted rye flour, oatmeal, buckwheat, flapjack flour; all new and fresh. 'Phone 1038. C. R. Pape, corner Seventh and Chestnut streets. se22-7t

NOTICE—HAVE YOUR TIRES REpaired at the Auto Repair Co., No. 211 North 2nd street. Full stock of tires and supplies always on hand. jy29-tf

FOR RENT — SUNSET PARK — NEW 10 room house. Block from car line. Every city convenience. Apply Fidelity, 14 Princess street; 'Phone 312. se16-tf

FOR RENT—COUPLE OF NICELY furnished rooms. Modern conveniences. One block from postoffice. Phone 773, 216 N. Second street. au30-tf.

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF GOOD draught horses, first class condition, also two heavy wagons and harness. Will take in exchange real estate. U. A. Underwood. au25-tf

DR. J. W. POWELL WISHES TO ANnounce the removal of his dental offices to the new Murchison Bank building, where he will be pleased to have his friends call. Second floor. se1-30t

REDUCED OFFICE RENT IN THE Maffitt's Marine Wireless Building, Northeast corner Water and Princess streets. See C. D. Maffitt, Room No. 19; 'Phone 112. au23-tf

FOR RENT—TWO FLATS ON MARket street (119) four rooms and bath, newly papered and painted. $25 for lower floor and $20 for two upper floors. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. se 25-tf

ONE GOOD ALL-AROUND HORSE FOR sale. City Laundry Co. se18-tf

WAR DID NOT AFFECT UNCLE Charlie's prices on leather goods or G. & S. trunks. 'Phone 642, or call No. 6, South Front St. au18-tf

PRAYING FOR PEACE? YES. AND in the meantime have your clothes cleaned, pressed or dyed and save your money. Out-of-town trade especially solicited. Most improved methods. Our slogan is "Good Work." Coster, the Cleanser, 122 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.; 'Phone 148. se16,w,f,su-1mo

NOTICE—THE CAPPS-GRIFFITH Plumbing Co., has just received a car load of Warm Air Furnaces. Get ready for the cold weather. For metal roofing, slate or plumbing, see Capps-Griffith Plumbing Co. jy23-tr

WANTED — COMPETENT CYPRESS shingle grader, to commence work at once. Carolina Lumber Co., Fayetteville, N. C. se19-tf

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W. G. FOUNTAIN
Five-Passengers cars $2.00 per hour.
Large Cars, $2.50 per hour.
Hack calls up to five passengers, $1.00
Good new cars. Day or night.
Phone 741. No. 6 N. Third St.
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Certified Public Accountant
Room 815 Murch. Nat. Bank Bldg.
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Large lot of Fresh Mullets.
All of these just received.
Full stock of Fresh Groceries, Drugs.
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SEND ORDERS TO
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WHOLESALE GROCERS,
311 N. Front St.,
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School Books and School Supplies
Get the Best Value for Your Money at
C. W. YATES & CO
Market Street

NOTICE OF SPECIAL ELECTION.

Notice is hereby given that the City Council of the City of Wilmington, North Carolina, by resolution duly adopted on the 5th day of August, A. D. 1914, and amended August 22nd, called and ordered to be held in the City of Wilmington, N. C., on Wednesday, the 7th day of October, A. D. 1914, a Special Election for the purpose of authorizing or approving the ordinance passed by the said City Council on the 29th day of July, A. D. 1914, granting to the Wilmington-Carolina Beach Railway Company a franchise, permission and authority to construct, maintain and operate a Street Railway with single or double tracks, turn-outs, curves, switches, spur tracks, receipt and delivery tracks, etc., for the transportation and carriage of passengers and freight, upon, along, over, under and across the streets named in said Ordinance, and to construct, erect and maintain poles and wires, underground conduits and other structures necessary for the conduct of electric current and power for the use of said cars upon such tracks.

The streets or portions of the streets over which the said franchise is asked are fully set forth and described in the Ordinance passed by the said Council which will be published as required by law in full once in each of the daily newspapers published in the City of Wilmington not more than twenty days and not less than five days before the day of said election, by the City Clerk and Treasurer of the said City.

Said election will be held in the City of Wilmington on Wednesday, the seventh day of October, A. D. 1914, and the following named polling places, Registrars and Judges of Election have been named and designated for the holding and conducting said election, to-wit:

First Ward, First Precinct: Polling Place—Kerr's store; Registrar, Willie Kerr; Judges, L. F. Harper and J. B. Elkin.

First Ward, Second Precinct: Polling Place — Cor. Fourth and Campbell streets; Registrar, W. H. Howe; Judges, J. W. Blomme and J. G. Ittner.

Second Ward; Polling Place—Court House; Registrar, W. W. Hodges; Judges, C. W. Lassiter and Frank Shepard.

Third Ward; Polling Place—Cor. 8th and Princess streets; Registrar, A. G. Hankins; Judges, Walter Penny and S. E. Wood.

Fourth Ward: Polling Place—No. 110 Dock street; Registrar, W. A. Spooner; Judges, F. W. Pfeiffer and Jos. A. Price.

Fifth Ward, First Precinct: Polling Place — Cor. 5th and Castle streets; Registrar, R. Henry Orrell; Judges, E. Childs and Wallace Sellers.

Fifth Ward, Second Precinct: Polling Place—6th and Castle streets; Registrar, J. H. Taylor, Jr.; Judges, W. H. Biddle and T. G. Landen.

The polls will be opened on the day of election at 8 o'clock A. M., and remain open until sun set of said day.

Each Registrar will, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M., each day (Sunday excepted) for seven days preceding the day for closing the registration books, keep open the registration books for the registration of any new electors residing in the precinct entitled to register, or whose names do not appear on the revised list and said books will be open until 9 o'clock P. M., on each Saturday during the registration period and shall close for registration on the second Saturday before said election. No registration will be allowed on election day, except to such persons as shall give satisfatcory evidence to the registrar and judges of election that he has become of the age of twenty-one years, or otherwise has become qualified to register and vote since the registration books closed for registration.

On the second Saturday before the election the registration books will be kept open at the polling places in the voting precincts; also for the inspection of the electors of the precinct and to enable challenges to be made on the right of any person to vote in said election whose name appears thereon, and if any person is objected to notice will be given him and a hearing granted as provided by law.

The Council has appointed the Registrars and Judges of said election and caused them to be notified of their appointment and required them to take the oath required by law, and named polling places and arranged them, and will cause to be furnished the necessary books and arrange for the ballots, and will fill all vacancies occurring in Registrars and Judges as required of them, and will receive the returns from said election, as required by law, and will endeavor to have the election conducted in strict conformity with the law, and will endeavor to see to it that the election officers perform their duties in all matters.

If a majority of the electors voting in said election shall vote in favor of said ordinance, the said ordinance passed by the Council shall thereupon become a valid and binding ordinance of the city of Wilmington.

By order of the City Council.

THOS. D. MEARES,
City Clerk and Treasurer of the City of Wilmington.

se4-20d.

AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK
SECURITY
4%
SERVICE
WILMINGTON N.C.

PLAIN TALK No. 1

If the average man in business fully realized the cash value of business environment he would consider the location of his business home and its appearance above all else. A patient enters a doctor's office; a client waits in a lawyer's office; a customer calls at a business office. These three visitors are either impressed favorably or unfavorably with the surroundings. A modern, sanitary and well kept office in the doctor's quarters produces faith and confidence in the mind of the patient. The lawyer's client absorbs the prosperous and legal appearing surroundings, and he does not hesitate to place his case with the lawyer. The business office looks progressive, modern, well kept, and he mentally jots down that the goods turned out by this firm must be in similar keeping. The three visitors bring business and place business, because they believe in the ability of the owners of these offices to produce Results. Appearance is everything. Give some attention to it. If you will inspect some of the offices of the new Murchison Building you will see how you can improve the physical appearance of your business home at the same price you are now paying. Ask the Renting Agent.

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WILMINGTON, N. C.
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WE pay 4 per cent. compound interest every three months on savings accounts
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J. G. L. GIESCHEN, Vice-President.
THOS. E. COOPER, Vice-President.
R. L. HENLEY, Cashier.

Lassiter-McDuffie Co., (Inc.)
Successors to H. L. Fennell
: DEALERS IN :
Hudson, Overland, Maxwell Cars
All Accessories. Storage.
Gasoline 14 1-2c per Gallon
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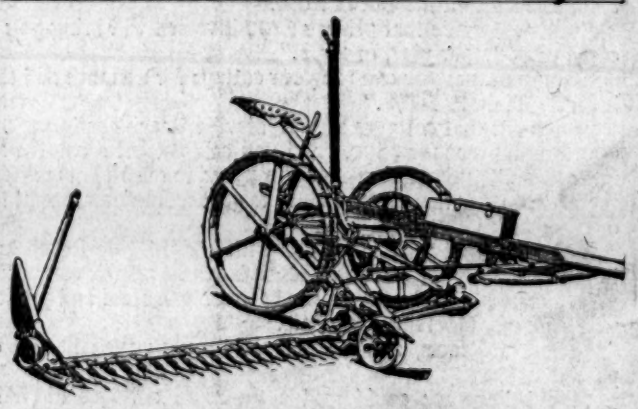

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We are this day receiving our first carload of these Superior Machines. We will put them up against any machine sold and controlled by the great Harvester Trust.
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East Carolina Distributing Agents.
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100 BARRELS
Fresh Caught Medium Size Mullets
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Wholesale Grocer Wilmington, N. C